Corcoran High School Semiconductor Microchip Technology Pathway Summary Overview

Pathway Overview

This 4-year sequence of courses will prepare students to enter the field of high technology fabrication such as semiconductor manufacturing along with other applications. Students will be poised to enter the industry directly as a technician, continue their education to obtain an associate's degree in electromechanical, mechatronics or semiconductor manufacturing technology. Within this pathway students will explore career possibilities through research, field visits and professional mentoring. Students will obtain safety certification to work in an industrial setting, be able to apply background information in physics, chemistry, and math to understand the fabrication process and to trouble-shoot processes and machines. Students will have a solid background in applied electrical theory and clean laboratory protocols. Students will demonstrate their skills as technical readers and writers and demonstrate professional communication skills. Students will balance individual skills with group development skills including collaboration, communication, critical thinking, creativity, problem solving, perseverance, information literacy, technology skills, and digital literacy. They will develop awareness of motivating and supporting others including an awareness of diversity, ethical and professional practices. Students will have opportunities to pursue certifications including, but not limited to: OSHA 10, Microsoft Word and Excel, receive 18-24 college credits and other industry certifications demonstrating their knowledge and career readiness for this field.

Course Calendar- Level 1; 9th Grade

Quarter	Possible Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	How do semiconductors impact daily life?	 Introduction to Class Expectations and Policies Introduction to Semiconductor Manufacturing and Careers History of Semiconductor Development and Manufacturing Introduction to Programming Basic Safety in the Work Environment Applied Technical Math (Part 1)
2	How has technology impacted drawing and planning? Technical Drawing Introduction to Engineering Design Career Exploration	
3	What makes a good employee?	 Digital Literacy Introduction to Material Science Career Exploration
4	 How can a creative experience help build understanding of a scientific process? Applied Chemistry: The Process of Sand to Semi Introduction to Photolithography Career Exploration and Reflection 	

Course Calendar-Level 2; 10th Grade

Quarter	Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	What may be impacts of a clean room facility and protocols on working environment?	 Class Expectations and Policies Safety Review Clean Room - Protocols and Etiquette Applied Physics: Light Basics of Refrigeration Career Exploration
2	How can you use equations to solve real-world problems?	 Applied Technical Math- Geometry, Right Angle Trigonometry, Precision Measurements Tools and Gauges Introduction to Industrial Electricity-Part 1 Career Exploration
3	How do parts contribute to make a system?	 Introduction to Industrial Electricity-Part 2 Motor and Controls Circuits
4	How do scientific discoveries and advances impact manufacturing?	 Logic Gates Vacuum- What, Why and How Career Exploration and Reflections

Course Calendar- Level 3- 11th Grade

Quarter	Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	What impact may result from unclear or omitted documentation?	 Class Expectations and Policies Safety Review Technical Reading and Writing Programming Fundamentals (part 1)
2	How do processes and procedures lead to better solutions?	 Programming Fundamentals (part 2) Introduction to Problem Solving Career Exploration
3	How can we plan, prevent and respond to problems?	 Fluid Power Mechanisms (note- may carry into fourth quarter)
4	In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices?	 Presentations with Data and Visuals Ethics and Emerging Technologies Programmable Logic Controls Career Exploration and Reflection

Course Calendar- Level 4; 12th Grade

Quarter	Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	What is your vision for the future?	 Course Expectations and Policies Goal Setting and Career Exploration Career Preparedness and Application Processes Employee Safety and Protection Preparation for Internship
2	How can data be used to predict outcomes of future events or to make decisions?	Failure AnalysisStatistical Process Control
3	What makes a successful internship experience?	Internship
4	How does design influence function/ practice and vice versa- how does function/practice influence design?	 Career Development and Employability Internship Synthesis and Evaluation Extended Project Reflection

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Microchip Technology Pathway Course Syllabus Level 1

Pathway Overview

This 4-year sequence of courses will prepare students to enter the field of high technology fabrication such as semiconductor manufacturing along with other applications. Students will be poised to enter the industry directly as a technician, continue their education to obtain an associate's degree in electromechanical, mechatronics or semiconductor manufacturing technology. Within this pathway students will explore career possibilities through research, field visits and professional mentoring. Students will obtain safety certification to work in an industrial setting, be able to apply background information in physics, chemistry, and math to understand the fabrication process and to trouble-shoot processes and machines. Students will have a solid background in applied electrical theory and clean laboratory protocols. Students will demonstrate their skills as technical readers and writers and demonstrate professional communication skills. Students will balance individual skills with group development skills including collaboration, communication, critical thinking, creativity, problem solving, perseverance, information literacy, technology skills, and digital literacy. They will develop awareness of motivating and supporting others including an awareness of diversity, ethical and professional practices. Students will have opportunities to pursue certifications including, but not limited to: OSHA 10, Microsoft Word and Excel, receive 18-24 college credits and other industry certifications demonstrating their knowledge and career readiness for this field.

Course Description

The first year provides foundational skills in safety, interpreting technical drawings, digital literacy, engineering design and applied math. Students will explore the history of the development of semiconductors and the relationship of photolithographic processes to semiconductor manufacturing. Possible careers and the related working environments and educational requirements will be explored. A focus of student experience will be the development of efficient communication skills, critical thinking, and problem solving.

All students will engage in project-based learning at a minimum of a project each quarter. Intrinsic to project-based learning is to examine a driving question or identify a problem by articulating what is already known, and what students need to know to answer the question. Students are guided to develop and execute a plan culminating in a presentation or product demonstrating their response to the initial question or problem. This process concludes with self-reflection regarding their learning. As such, learning happens during project execution and not solely as a final activity to show learning.

Work-Based Learning

Students will be connected with local and national professionals throughout their learning experiences especially as they complete project-based learning experiences. These professional connections may include interviews, field trips to local businesses, virtual field trips to other locations, presenting their learning and work samples to professionals, job shadowing and career coaching. It is expected that these experiences will lead to opportunities for direct job training and real-world experience in an internship experience prior to completion of the program. Students will create and maintain a portfolio of their experiences to document the development of their skills, including a professional resume.

Additional Learning Opportunities

- Micro-credentials: Students may pursue learning experiences and credentials depending on the requirements of the project that they are involved in. Some examples for this pathway include, but are not limited to:
 - Microsoft Office Specialist: Word Associate and Excel Associate
 - o OSHA 10 Hour
 - Other Industry Certifications (depending on teacher certification) such as CISCO, CompTIA

• Summer Bridge Enrichment: Students will have the opportunity to participate in crosscurricular Summer Bridge programs to enhance and enrich their skills. Students will explore and create solutions that address authentic needs in the school and wider community with the involvement of local industry professionals. Students will build on skills learned during the school year to work collaboratively with students from other pathways and programs.

Pre-Requisites

N/A

Course Objectives

Upon completion of the course students will know and be able to do:

- Explain basic history and process of semiconductor manufacturing, the cleanroom environment and possible career opportunities.
- Demonstrate safety protocols in the work environment.
- Recognize hazards and take appropriate precautions to work in a safe manner.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of proper handling, labeling, storing and communication of hazardous materials.
- Demonstrate how to add, subtract, multiply, and divide whole numbers, fractions, and decimals with the ability to convert between fractions, decimals, percentages and ratios.
- Convert within and between metric and Imperial units, while using proper engineering notation and prefixes.
- Interpret varied types of technical drawings.
- Apply practices of engineering design.
- Demonstrate digital literacy and good digital citizenship.
- Summarize properties of materials and chemistry applied in semiconductor fabrication.

Integrated High School Academics

N/A

Concurrent College Enrollment

TBD - Possible OCC ELM 102, ELM 101 (2 credits)

Equipment and Supplies

- School will provide: All tools including technology, equipment and supplies to complete projects
- Student will provide: N/A

Textbook

TBD

Grading

40% Classwork assignments including any quizzes/tests 60% Projects and presentations (rubric)

Additional Course Policies

Students are expected to:

- Meet all deadlines and be on time. Deadlines and being on time are a major part of being a professional.
- Produce their best work, including being prepared for presentations.
- Participate in class including contributing to discussions and critiquing their own and others' work, as well as diligently working on their own projects.
- Seek help when needed.
- Be attentive, ask questions if they do not understand something, and offer their opinions.
- Use Microsoft 365 and other identified technology hardware and software for preparing and sharing all work.
- Give credit and use proper citations for all research and project ideas.

Course Calendar

Quarter	Possible Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	How do semiconductors impact daily life?	 Introduction to Class Expectations and Policies Introduction to Semiconductor Microchip Technology and Careers History of Semiconductor Development and Manufacturing Introduction to Programming Basic Safety in the Work Environment Applied Technical Math (Part 1)
2	How has technology impacted drawing and planning?	 Technical Drawing Introduction to Engineering Design Career Exploration
3	What makes a good employee?	Digital LiteracyIntroduction to Material ScienceCareer Exploration
4	How can a creative experience help build understanding of a scientific process?	 Applied Chemistry: The Process of Sand to Semiconductor Introduction to Photolithography Career Exploration and Reflection

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Pathway Scope and Sequence Level 1

	First Quarter Project #1					
	Potential I	Driving Question: How do semicond	uctors impact daily life?			
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
Introduction to Class Expectations and Policies Introduction to Semiconductor Microchip	 What are the expectations for students in the semiconductor Microchip Technology program? What is semiconductor Microchip Technology? What are different careers available in this field and what types of skills do they require? What are possible industry 	 (Students will know and be able to:) Develop classroom rules and establish relationships. Define semiconductor Microchip Technology. Identify several careers available in this field. Name key aspects or focus for careers in semiconductor Microchip Technology. Identify key skills, and traits required within this 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Professional Portfolio Career Interest Survey Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,4,10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5 Pathway	FLA 9-10 R 1,4 9-10 W 2,3,5 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 2 9-10 WHST 3,4,5,6,7 Math	
Technology and Careers	recognized certifications and the benefits of such certifications? • What is the work environment like? • What is a cleanroom? • What are basic protocols for workers in a cleanroom? • What are the financial and professional benefits of pursuing a career in this field? • What is the typical career path for professionals? • How is information gathered? • How are questions formed to gather desired information?	 profession. Identify potential industry certifications and the benefits of obtaining such certification. Describe the cleanroom environment, providing an overview of the objectives and practices observed in such facilities. Explain what basic protocols workers in a cleanroom must follow (i.e., dress-bunny suit, personal care, interpersonal communication). Analyze typical earnings and benefits of a career in this field. Identify local, regional, and national employers. Name what education, 	Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Standards MN-PPD 1	Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

	Data-stal 5	First Quarter Project #1			
Unit	Key Questions	Oriving Question: How do semicond Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
	 What are student goals for career and learning outcomes? How is learning and experiences documented? 	certifications and experiential requirements are for a selected career within this field. Create questions for inquiry for additional information. Demonstrate effective and reputable research skills to answer questions. Demonstrate effective communication skills to interview professionals to gather additional information. Identify personal goals for long-term career and short-term learning. Develop a professional portfolio including journal entries documenting individual learning.			
History of Semiconductor Microchip Technology	 How has the semiconductor industry developed and evolved? What were major milestones leading to the development of the semiconductor industry today? How are semiconductors used? What are the basic steps in the manufacturing process? What are the five key stages of the manufacturing process? 	 Summarize an overall historical perspective of the semiconductor industry. Identify major milestones leading to current semiconductor Microchip Technology. Identify common uses for semiconductors. Summarize basic steps in the manufacture of a semiconductor. Identify key stages in the manufacturing process. Name materials used in semiconductor manufacture. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 4,7 Cluster Standards MN 1,4 ST 4 Pathway Standards MN-PPD 1 ST-SM 3	9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2,3,5 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 2,4, 9-10 WHST 2,5,6,7 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency

	First Quarter Project #1				
	Potential I	Priving Question: How do semicond			
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
	 What materials are used in semiconductor processing? What are key terms and vocabulary? Why is a cleanroom integral for the manufacturing process? 	 Identify and define key terms and vocabulary for semiconductor fabrication. Explain the importance of a cleanroom environment and protocols. 			
Introduction to Programming	 What are previous experiences with coding and programming? What is the function of a micro-controller such as Raspberry Pi? 	 Demonstrate and explain previous coding and programming experiences. Describe the function of a micro-controller. Describe applications for micro- 	 Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Performance Class Assignments 	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,8,11	9-10 R 1,2 9-10W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,4,5 9-10L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy
	 What are applications of micro controllers? What are key differences between programming and 	controller. Compare and contrast programming and scripting languages and their	Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Standards ST 1,2 Pathway	9-10 RST 1,2,4,7 9-10 WHST 2 Math
	scripting languages? • How is a scripting language such as Python used with microcontrollers?	 applications. Demonstrate writing and executing of a scripting language such as Python to control and interact with micro- 		Standards ST-ET 1,3	Science
	 How is a proficiency in a computer language demonstrated? 	controller such as Raspberry Pi.			Computer Science and Digital Fluency
Basic Safety in the Work Environment: (OCC ELM 102)	 What are the causes and consequences of the most common types of workplace incidents? What are examples of job-site hazards? 	 Describe the causes and consequences of the most common types of workplace incidents. Describe common environmental hazards and 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Performance Class Presentation	Career Ready Practices CRP 1	ELA 9-10 R 1,2 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,4,6
	How is PPE used to protect workers from different types of injuries?	how workers should respond to them.	Class Assignments	Cluster Standards MN 5	Literacy 9-10 RST 2,4 9-10 WHST 2,3

	Potential (First Quarter Project #1 Driving Question: How do semicond	luctors impact daily life?		
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
	Why is it important to store materials and tools in their proper places?	Explain the benefits of safety, the cost of workplace incidents, and ways to reduce	Teacher Observation/ Checklist	ST 3 Pathway Standards	Math
	Where should hazardous materials be stored?	related hazards. • Explain how and when PPE is	Certification OSHA 10 Hour	MN-MIR 2 MN-PPD 3	Science
	 How should chemicals be handled and labeled? What information can be found on a Safety Data 	used to protect workers from different types of injuries. • Demonstrate the use and care of appropriate personal		MN-PRO 2,5 MN-QA 5	Computer Science and Digital Fluency
	 Sheet? Why do fires have different classifications, and how does that impact 	 protective equipment. Demonstrate putting on and removal of bunny suits. Explain the importance of 			
	response to a fire?What are the guidelines for the safe use of hand and power tools?	following safety protocols for the handling and storage of materials and tools. Identify safe handling, labeling			
	 Why should a power tool always be grounded? What is a tag out lock out procedure? 	 and storage protocols for hazardous (chemicals) materials. Explain the importance of 			
	 How can a person protect themselves while lifting? Why is it important to be certified to administer first 	 Safety Data Sheets (SDS). Interpret a SDS and summarize it. Identify the types of fires and 			
	aid?What are basic first aid procedures?	the methods used to extinguish them. Identify common hand tools			
	 What are responses to chemical exposure? What is the role of the OSHA (Occupational 	 and demonstrate how to use them safely. Identify and explain how to use common power tools. 			
	Safety and Health Administration) in job-site safety?	Summarize basic power tool safety guidelines.Identify tag out lock out			
	What benefits are associated with having	procedures for who has the key and whose name is on tag.			

	First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: How do semiconductors impact daily life?				
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
	the OSHA 10 Hour certification? Why is it important to follow reporting procedures? What are the steps that should be followed after an accident?	 Demonstrate lockout and tagout procedures for use with any equipment connected to power source. Define safe work procedures around electrical hazards. Compare and contrast safe and improper lifting techniques. Demonstrate positioning and techniques to prevent injury while lifting and carrying equipment. Explain the purpose of first aid. Locate first aid equipment and emergency numbers. Identify emergency first-aid procedures. Demonstrate application of standard first-aid procedures while following any school policies regarding administration of first aid and protections. Demonstrate, in a simulation, response to chemical exposure. Summarize the purpose of OSHA, why it was established and how it has evolved. Explain the role of the OSHA in job-site safety. Articulate the benefits of OSHA 10-hour certification to demonstrate safety skills to the industry. 			

		First Quarter Project #1			
	Potential I	Driving Question: How do semicond		ı T	T
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
		 Review the requirements of the OSHA 10-hour Safety certification. Explain the difference between compliance and best practices. Demonstrate proficiency in basic safety protocols through OSHA 10-hour certification. Articulate the importance of timely and accurate reporting of an incident. Justify any ethical considerations that might be involved in making a report that involves coworkers. Summarize when, to whom and what details need to be included for any report of personal injuries, environmental issues, and equipment safety violations to the appropriate authority. 	Evidence of Ecanning		
Applied (Technical) Math- Part 1	 How are whole numbers, fractions, decimals and percents related? How are fractions, decimals, and percents added, subtracted, multiplied, and divided? When might one need to convert a decimal to a percentage? When might one need to convert a fraction to a decimal or a decimal to a fraction? 	 Compare and contrast the relationship between whole numbers, fractions, decimals and percents Calculate and solve problems with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals. Explain place value with whole numbers and decimals. Define equivalent fractions and calculate their lowest common denominators. Define improper fractions and convert them into mixed numbers. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Performance Class Presentation Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 2 Pathway Standards ST-ET 6	9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 7 Math Science Computer Science and

	First Quarter Project #1					
Unit Key Questions	ial Driving Question: How do semicon Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	ductors impact daily life? Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
 Why might it be easie multiply a decimal rath than a fraction? What are the units in the metric system? When are conversions commonly used? How are micro units expressed? Why is accurate measurement critical? How are linear equations of the solved? When are equations of the infabrication of mater for semiconductors? Why is accuracy important? 	and percents to decimals. Convert fractions to decimals and decimals to fractions. Demonstrate conversion of units to simplify math calculations. Define units in the metric systems. Demonstrate conversion from imperial to metric systems. Identify units used to express micro amounts. Justify why accurate			Digital Fluency		

	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How has technology impacted drawing and planning?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Technical Drawing (OCC ELM 101)	 What are different types of technical drawings? What is a schematic? What is the importance of scale? What are the basic electrical symbols used on plans? What are examples of diagrams used to program controls? How does a schematic guide development or installation? How does technology assist in creating drawings and plans? What is the difference between a schematic and line diagram? 	 Identify basic technical drawing terms, abbreviations, components, symbols, and use of scale. Identify classifications of drawings such as civil, architectural, structural, mechanical, plumbing. Explain how dimensions relate to scale. Summarize the purpose of a schematic. Identify selected electrical symbols and abbreviations commonly used on plans. Demonstrate proficiency in interpreting electrical/electronic drawings or schematics. Translate schematic or drawing into written or oral explanation. Apply a schematic to install a basic device. Create a schematic incorporating legend, scale, and symbols. Explore the use of technology to support creation of drawings and plans. Demonstrate use of CAD to create and revise a schematic or plan. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Performance Class Presentation Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 2,11 Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 2 Pathway Standards MN-PPD 1 ST-ET 2	ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 2,4,7 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		

	Potential Driving	Second Quarter Project #2 Question: How has technology i	mnacted drawing and pla	nning?	
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
Introduction to Engineering Design	 How does a problem lead to a design? What are core principles of engineering design? What is a design process? How are principles of design integrated? 	 Identify examples of problems and resulting solutions or designs. Identify specific examples of core principles of design. Recognize the design 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Project	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,4,5,6,7,8,12	9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2,5 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6
	 Why is it important to identify criteria and constraints? How are designs refined? How can a design be evaluated? 	process of analysis, research, selection and implementation and evaluation by use of a	 Class Presentation Teacher Observation/ Checklist 	Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 1,2	Literacy 9-10 RST 2,3,4,7 9-10 WHST 2
	 What is a prototype? What is learned from a prototype? What are common methods for 	rendering, model, sketch. Summarize the purpose of defined criteria and constraints.	Crissians	Pathway Standards MN-PRO 1,3,4	Math Science:
	 producing a prototype What is quality control? What are functional requirements? Why are designs tested and 	 Summarize how designs are evaluated and refined. Explain the purpose of prototypes. Summarize how prototypes 			Computer Science and Digital Fluency
	 refined? Why should final solutions be reevaluated? How do creators communicate their design for development and implementation? 	 are produced and tested. Explain why testing and refining a design is necessary. Explain the purpose of final evaluation. 			
	 What are orthographic and isometric drawings? What is included in a bill of materials? What is the relationship between 	 Explain how designs are communicated through drawings, schematics, and models. Compare and contrast 			
	flow-process chart, operation-process chart, and operation sheet? Why is spatial reasoning important?	orthographic and isometric drawings. Identify what is included in a bill of materials. Compare and contrast			
	 What are differences between a SOP and an operation sheet? 	flow-process chart,			

	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How has technology impacted drawing and planning?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
	 What are examples of design with semiconductors? How has technology impacted the design process? Why is the engineering design process used? How is the design process implemented? How is a concept moved from design to production? 	operation-process chart, and operation sheet. Explain how spatial reasoning supports the design process. Explain the information provided by SOP (Standard Operating Procedures) and an operation sheet. Compare and contrast examples of designs within the semiconductor field. Describe how Computer Aided Design, 3-D printing and automation impact the design process. Describe how the engineering design process is a loop that is a systematic, creative process for solving problems. Apply engineering design process by identifying a problem, developing an idea, documenting planning, and creating a prototype or model. Demonstrate planning for production by creating working drawings, bill of materials, standards operation procedure and other planning documents. Demonstrate integration of the engineering design					

Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How has technology impacted drawing and planning?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
		original design, creating a prototype, and evaluating it.				
Career Exploration	 that are an asset for this field? Why might manual dexterity be important in this field? What additional information is required to know regarding the work environment, daily tasks that are essential field. Synthesize personand traits. Explain why man dexterity and fine 	that are essential for this field. Synthesize personal skills	 Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Professional 	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,4,7,10	9-10 R 1 9-10 W 2,3 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6	
		dexterity and fine motor control are important in this	Portfolio Performance Class Presentation	Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5	9-10 WHST 3,4	
	What does professional communication look and sound	 Demonstrate using professional 	 Teacher Observation/ 	Pathway Standards	Math	
like?	like?	communication (spoken and written) skills to	Checklist		Science	
		 interact with professionals in this field. Report on key learning from professionals in the field regarding work environment and daily tasks. 			Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

Potential Driving Question: What makes a good en	Ssment CCTC Standards NVS Standards
Unit Key Questions Key Learning Targets Asset (Students will know and be able to:) Evidence	of Learning
 Why is digital citizenship important? What does it mean to be a good digital citizen? How can students be safe and secure when using online applications? How can the validity of a source be verified? What software tools are commonly used? Why is digital citizenship technology in society. Explain the need for and demonstrate good digital citizenship, cyber safety, and security protocols. Describe how to protect yourself online, including verifying someone's online identity, verifying that a link is safe, and identifying online scams. Demonstrate safety in Class A Written Class A Class A Written Tests/C Written Teache identity, verifying that a link is safe, and identifying online scams. Demonstrate safety in Microsoft 	Career Ready

Third Quarter Project # 3

	Potential Driving Question: What makes a good employee?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
	data collection and advanced manufacturing?	 Demonstrate use of computer software tools for planning, researching, communication, and documentation. Demonstrate use of technology and visuals to support a presentation. Describe key components and functions of a computing system. Explain benefits and value of networking systems. Identify varied network topologies, protocols and how connections are established. Describe measures for security across devices and systems. Demonstrate establishment of a small network Demonstrate resolving connectivity issues through troubleshooting. Summarize how connected networks enhance productivity. 				
Introduction to Material Science	 What materials are used in semiconductor fabrication and manufacturing? What are the differences between metals and nonmetals? What are the properties of materials used in silicon wafer production? 	 Identify raw materials utilized for semiconductor fabrication. Compare and contrast metals and nonmetals. Summarize properties of materials. 	Written	Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 6	9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 2,4,6,7 9-10 WHST 2,4,5	

	Third Quarter Project # 3 Potential Driving Question: What makes a good employee?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
	 How does a crystal grow? Why is a clean environment so important? How are materials sourced? What are considerations for materials utilized? 	 Demonstrate how a crystal grows. Explain the role of a cleanroom and the impact of contamination. Summarize how raw materials are sourced and prepared. Summarize possible economic, scientific, social, and global climate impacts for different materials. 	Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Pathway Standards MN-QA 1	Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		
Career Exploration and Employability	 What does it mean to be a professional? What is the importance of good communication? What is the importance of critical thinking in solving problems? Why is resilience an important skill in the semiconductor industry? Why are good social skills necessary What is the importance of teamwork? What are some important social issues of concern in the workplace? 	 Discuss professional standards and employability skills, including the role of an employee in the semiconductor industry. Describe the communication process and the importance of listening and speaking skills and their relationship to job performance. Describe the importance of good reading and writing skills and their relationship to job performance. Communicate effectively using verbal and writing skills. Communicate effectively on the job using electronic communication devices. Explain the importance of critical thinking in solving problems. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,4,8,9,10 Cluster Standards MN4 ST 5 Pathway Standards	9-10 R 1,4 9-10 W 2,3 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 2 9-10 WHST 3,4 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		

	Third Quarter Project # 3 Potential Driving Question: What makes a good employee?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
		 Explain the importance of resilience in solving problems and adapting to changes as they arise. Explain the importance of social skills and identify ways good social skills are applied in a professional environment. Describe how to work in a team environment and how to be an effective leader. Explain how to resolve conflicts with co-workers and supervisors. Explain how to give and receive constructive criticism. Identify and describe various social issues of concern in the workplace. 					

Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How can a creative experience help build understanding of a scientific process?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
Applied Chemistry: The Process of Sand to Semiconductor	 What is sand made of? How is polysilicon sourced? What is the chemical makeup of silicon? Why is silicon used? What is an ingot? How does an ingot become a wafer? How is a wafer handled? What is oxidation? How is a wafer cleaned? How is a wafer finished? What is lapping and why might that need to be done to a wafer? What is doping? How does doping change the structure of material? What is the relationship between doping methods and electrical conduction? What is the purpose of etching? What is a transistor? How are transistors laid down on a wafer? What is a gate? How do electrons bond? What is the role of boron and phosphorus? How are electrons harnessed to create a circuit? What is a photomask? How are circuits designed (photolithography)? What is packaging? What is the range of sizes of wafers, transistors and semiconductors? 	 Identify the chemical make-up of sand. Summarize how polysilicon is obtained. Identify the chemical makeup of silicon. Explain how the structure of silicon supports the fabrication of integrated chips (IC)/semiconductor chips. Explain the Czochraisk method and what mediums are ideal for crystal growth. Define ingot. Explain the steps transforming an ingot to a wafer. Describe how wafers are handled. Explain how a wafer is cleaned after cutting. Explain how a wafer is finished. Explain the process and purpose of doping. Explain the process of lapping. Define oxidation. Explain etching process and purpose. Explain what a transistor is. Explain how transistors are laid down. Explain the purpose of a gate. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,7 Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 1 Pathway Standards MN-PPD 1,2,3,4,5	## Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency Flu	

	Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How can a creative experience help build understanding of a scientific process?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
	 What is the role of acids and bases in fabrication of semiconductors? What are specific precautions for safe handling of chemicals utilized in this process? 	 Explain how a transistor is both a conductor and insulator. Summarize how electrons bond. Explain what the impact of treatment with boron or phosphorus is. Explain what a photo mask is and what it does. Explain the photolithography process. Explain how etching removes unnecessary materials. Summarize how wafers are tested. Explain how wafers are packaged or cut into semiconductors. Identify range of sizes of transistors, and semiconductors. Summarize the effect of bases and acids throughout the semiconductor process. Explain specific precautions for working around chemicals and chemical processes during semiconductor manufacturing. 	Lyiderice of Learning				
Introduction to Photo- lithography	 What is lithography? What is photolithography? How is the process of traditional photo development of coat, 	 Describe lithography. Describe the process of photolithography. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,6,8,12	ELA 9-10 1,2,4 9-10 W 2,4 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6		

	Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How can a creative experience help build understanding of a scientific process?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
	develop and expose accomplished? How is photolithography and lithography and photography alike and different? What is the role of light? What is a photomask?	 Describe traditional photography development of prints. Compare and contrast processes, chemicals, and procedures for photolithography, lithography and traditional photography. Compare and contrast the effect of light and how light is controlled for outcomes. Identify tools, and key terms for photolithography. Demonstrate the process of coating, developing and exposure to create a product. Explain how a photomask supports development of a 	 Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist Project 	Cluster Standards MN 6 Pathway Standards MN-PPD 1	9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 1,2,4 9-10 WHST 2,4 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	
Career Exploration and Reflection	 What aspects of a career or role is of interest within this field? What are specific requirements for a career of interest? How might personal goals need to be revised? How is learning and skill acquisition documented? 	 chip. Articulate possible careers to aspire towards. Identity skills, traits, education and experiences aligned with a career of interest. Articulate goals, accomplishments, and revisions. Communicate skills and knowledge through employability profile, resume and portfolio. Document credentials earned. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Written Reflection Professional Portfolio Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5 Pathway Standards	ELA 9-10 R1,4 9-10 W 3 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 WHST 3,4 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Microchip Technology Pathway Course Syllabus Level 2

Pathway Overview

This 4-year sequence of courses will prepare students to enter the field of high technology fabrication such as semiconductor Microchip Technology along with other applications. Students will be poised to enter the industry directly as a technician, continue their education to obtain an associate's degree in electromechanical, mechatronics or semiconductor microchip technology. Within this pathway students will explore career possibilities through research, field visits and professional mentoring. Students will obtain safety certification to work in an industrial setting, be able to apply background information in physics, chemistry, and math to understand the fabrication process and to trouble-shoot processes and machines. Students will have a solid background in applied electrical theory and clean laboratory protocols. Students will demonstrate their skills as technical readers and writers and demonstrate professional communication skills. Students will balance individual skills with group development skills including collaboration, communication, critical thinking, creativity, problem solving, perseverance, information literacy, technology skills, and digital literacy. They will develop awareness of motivating and supporting others including an awareness of diversity, ethical and professional practices. Students will have opportunities to pursue certifications including, but not limited to: OSHA 10, Microsoft Word and Excel, receive 18-24 college credits and other industry certifications demonstrating their knowledge and career readiness for this field.

Course Description

For the second year, students continue to build foundational skills and career ready practices. Technical skills and background knowledge include applied physics, refrigeration, and the creation and maintenance of a vacuum environment. Student use and care of specialized tools and how to read and interpret various gauges is a focus. Introduction to industrial electricity lays the groundwork for units in motors and controls, circuits, and logic gates. The second part of technical math continues to build skills for calculations involving algebra, geometry, and trigonometry. Taking and interpreting precision measurement is included. Career exploration and building their identity is incorporated throughout the year.

All students will engage in project-based learning at a minimum of a project each quarter. Intrinsic to project-based learning is to examine a driving question or identify a problem by articulating what is already known, and what students need to know to answer the question. Students are guided to develop and execute a plan culminating in a presentation or product demonstrating their response to the initial question or problem. This process concludes with self-reflection regarding their learning. As such, learning happens during project execution and not solely as a final activity to show learning.

Work-Based Learning

Students will be connected with local and national employers and industries throughout their learning experiences especially as they complete project-based learning experiences. These professional connections may include interviews, field trips to local businesses, job shadowing and career coaching. It is expected that these experiences will lead to opportunities for direct job training and real-world experience. Students will create and maintain a portfolio of their experiences to document the development of their skills, including a professional resume.

Additional Learning Opportunities

- Micro-credentials: Students may pursue learning experiences and credentials depending on the
 requirements of the project that they are involved in. Some examples for this pathway include, but are not
 limited to:
 - Microsoft Office Specialist: Word Associate
 - o Microsoft Office Specialist: Excel Associate
 - o OHSA 10 Hour
 - o Other Industry certifications such as SISCO, CompTIA and others
- **Summer Bridge Enrichment:** Students will have the opportunity to participate in cross-curricular Summer Bridge programs to enhance and enrich their skills. Students will explore and create solutions that address authentic needs in the school and wider community with the involvement of local industry professionals.

Students will build on skills learned during the school year to work collaboratively with students from other pathways and programs.

Pre-Requisites

Semiconductor Microchip Technology Level 1

Course Objectives

Upon completion of the course students will know and be able to:

- Demonstrate application of safety protocols
- Explain the function of a clean room and demonstrate preparation to work in a clean room.
- Explain the role of light in testing materials.
- Explain the basics of refrigeration and commercial applications for manufacturing.
- Apply appropriate mathematical concepts to solve applied linear algebra, basic geometry and basic right triangle trigonometric problems.
- Demonstrate proficiency taking and interpreting precision and semi-precision measurements.
- Demonstrate use and care of hand and power tools.
- Demonstrate use and care of precision measurement tools.
- Demonstrate safety protocols in industrial settings, recognizing hazards and taking appropriate precautions to work in a safe manner with electrical current.
- Explain how electricity is harnessed and converted into mechanical energy.
- Demonstrate operation and troubleshooting with motors and controls.
- Explain function of circuits and logic gates.
- Explain the creation, purpose and maintenance of a vacuum.
- Identify careers of interest.

Integrated High School Academics

N/A

Concurrent College Enrollment

TBD- Possible OCC ELM 104, ELM 106, MAT 103 (total 6 credits)

Equipment and Supplies

- School will provide: All tools including technology, equipment and supplies to complete projects
- Student will provide: N/A

Textbook

TBD

Grading

40% Classwork assignments including any quizzes/tests 60% Projects and presentations (rubric)

Additional Course Policies

Students are expected to:

- Meet all deadlines and be on time.
- Deadlines and being on time are a major part of being a professional.
- Produce their best work, including being prepared for presentations.
- Participate in class including contributing to discussions and critiquing their own and others' work, as well as diligently working on their own projects.
- Seek help when needed.
- Be attentive, ask questions if they do not understand something, and offer their opinions.
- Use Microsoft 365 and other technology tools for preparing and sharing all work.
- Give credit and use proper citations for all research and project ideas.

Course Calendar

Quarter	Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	What may be impacts of a clean room facility and protocols on working environment?	 Class Expectations and Policies Safety Review Clean Room - Protocols and Etiquette Applied Physics: Light Basics of Refrigeration Career Exploration
2	How can you use equations to solve real-world problems?	 Applied Technical Math- Geometry, Right Angle Trigonometry, Precision Measurements Tools and Gauges Introduction to Industrial Electricity-Part 1 Career Exploration
3	How do parts contribute to make a system?	 Introduction to Industrial Electricity-Part 2 Motor and Controls Circuits
4	How do scientific discoveries and advances impact manufacturing?	 Logic Gates Vacuum- What, Why and How Career Exploration and Reflections

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Pathway Scope and Sequence Level 2

	First Quarter						
	Potential Driving Question: What may	Project #1 y be the impacts of a cleanroom	facility and protocols on	the working environmen	t?		
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Class Expectations and Policies Safety Review	 What are the expectations for students in the semiconductor manufacturing program? What are key safety concepts? How is basic first aid administered? Why is a SDS (Safety Data Sheet) important? How is safety maintained in a job-site or lab? 	 Develop classroom rules and establish relationships. Articulate goals towards a career of choice. Demonstrate use of basic first aid. Demonstrate proper use and care of PPE and tools (hand and power). Complete a SDS form. Complete an accident report. Demonstrate in daily practice safety protocols such as identifying and mitigating potential 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,3 Cluster Standards MN 5 ST 3 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 2 MN-PPD 3 MN-PPD 3 MN-PRO 2,5 MN-QA 5	9-10 R 1,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 1,2 9-10 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and		
Cleanroom: Protocols and Etiquette	 Why is a cleanroom utilized in integrated chips fabrication including semiconductor Microchip Technology? What makes a cleanroom clean? How is a cleanroom entered and exited? Why are negative pressure locks utilized? How is a cleanroom maintained to be clean? How might dressing and grooming be different for a 	 hazards and unsafe practices. Summarize the purpose for a cleanroom environment for specific manufacturing applications. Summarize criteria for a cleanroom. Describe how to enter and exit a cleanroom. Explain how negative pressure helps maintain a cleanroom environment. Explain protocols and procedures to maintain a 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,3,5 Cluster Standards MN 3,5 Pathways Standards MN-PRO 2,4,5	Digital Fluency ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2,3,5 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 1,2,4 9-10 WHST 2 Math Science		

	First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: What may be the impacts of a cleanroom facility and protocols on the working environment?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
	technician in a cleanroom environment? What is allowable in a cleanroom? How do technicians communicate with each other? What might make working in a cleanroom environment challenging?	cleanroom environment. Describe dress and grooming protocols. Summarize what objects may and may not be carried into a cleanroom environment. Explain how communication is carried out. Research and summarize what practicing technicians identify as challenges and how they adapt to those challenges within a cleanroom environment.			Computer Science and Digital Fluency	
Applied Physics: Light	 What is the light spectrum? What is the electromagnetic spectrum? What is a spectrometer? What does a spectrophotometer measure? What does the information gathered tell? How does information about light and electromagnetic spectrums help find impurities in metals? 	 Define the light spectrum. Define electromagnetic spectrum. Identify a spectrometer. Identify a spectrometer. Demonstrate reading of a spectrometer and spectrophotometer. Interpret information from readings. Describe how the light and wave frequency provide information. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 6 Pathway Standards MN-QA 1	## Science ELA	
Basics of Refrigeration	 How does refrigeration work? What components make up a refrigeration system? What are refrigerants? 	 Explain the process of refrigeration. Identify components within a refrigeration system. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes	Career Ready Practices CRP 2	ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6	

	First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: What may be the impacts of a cleanroom facility and protocols on the working environment?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
	 What is the environmental impact of refrigerants? What are current regulations regarding type and use of refrigerants? 	 Explain the purpose of refrigerants. Discuss the impact of refrigerants on the environment and global 	 Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ 	Cluster Standards MN 6	9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 2 9-10 WHST 2 Math	
	 What are different types of refrigeration systems? How is refrigeration used in 	warming.Identify current regulations regarding use of	Checklist	raniway Standards	Science	
	manufacturing?	refrigerants. Name uses of commercial refrigeration in manufacturing and other processes.			Computer Science and Digital Fluency	
Career Exploration	 What are different careers available in semiconductor fabrication and what types of skills do they require? What are the financial and professional benefits of pursuing a career in this field? What is the typical career path for varied positions within this field? What are personal learning goals towards a career? What might be some challenges to working in a cleanroom? How is diversity encouraged and respected? What makes a career a good fit? 	 Identify different careers available in semiconductor fabrication and the types of skills they require. Summarize the current and future outlook for jobs. Describe the financial and professional benefits of pursuing a career in this field. Describe varied paths depending on career focus such as engineer, technician, supporting trades or supporting general labor or business. Identify different ways to pursue a career in semiconductor fabrication. Describe an area of interest in semiconductor fabrication and investigate its entry-level requirements, and its growth potential. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 3,10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5 Pathway Standards	## Science ELA	

	First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: What may be the impacts of a cleanroom facility and protocols on the working environment?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
		 Articulate goals towards a career of choice. Identity challenges for working in a cleanroom environment and how professionals adapt to those challenges. Summarize ways that diversity is encouraged in this field. Demonstrate awareness and respect towards peers. Articulate ways that personal traits, skills, and interest impact success in a career. 				

	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can you use equations to solve real-world problems?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Applied (Technical) Math-Part 2 (Completes	 What does order of operations refer to? How are math calculations applied to find information? How are units converted? 	 Demonstrate calculation of linear algebraic expressions by applying correct order of operations. Calculate and solve 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection	Career Ready Practices CRP 2	ELA 9-10 R 1,4 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,4,6		
OCC MAT 103)	 How are micro units expressed How does engineering notation, including power of ten, prefixes 	measurement problems with whole numbers, fractions, percentages,	PerformanceClass PresentationClass Assignments	Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 2	Literacy 9-10 RST 7		
	 and symbols, simplify communication? How are units converted within a ratios and decimals. Demonstrate conversion of units to simplify math Teacher Observation Checklist 	Observation/	Pathway Standards ST-ET 6	Math Science			
	 metric system? What is the purpose of conversions within a metric system? What are the properties of a circle? What are the properties of a triangle? How are measurements of perimeter, area and volume 	 Identify units used to express micro amounts. Interpret engineering notation. Demonstrate use of engineering notation (powers of ten, prefixes and symbols). Explain how 			Computer Science and Digital Fluency		
	 determined? How do properties of right angles support calculations? What is precision measurement? What are measures of central tendency? What is standard deviation? How are precision and semi precision measurements taken? What tools are used for semi-precision measurement What tools are used for precision measurement? 	communication can be more efficient depending on notation and expressions. Demonstrate conversions. Name geometric properties of the circle. Name properties of a triangle. Demonstrate application of circle and triangle properties to solve for unknown information.					
	Why is accuracy and precision important in measurement?	 Demonstrate determining perimeter, area, and volume. 					

Potential D	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can you use equations to solve real-world problems?					
Unit Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:	Assessment	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
How can algebra, geometrigonometry be applied to determine unknown informations and the second	try and • Apply right triangle trigonometry to					
	precision measurements.					

	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can you use equations to solve real-world problems?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Tools and Gauges (OCC ELM 106)	 What are basic hand tools? How are basic hand tools used? What are hand power tools? How are power tools used? What are examples of automated tools? What are tools used for precision measurements? How are precision tools handled and cared for? Why is precision measurement important? How is the correct tool for measurement selected? How are precision measurement easurements expressed? How is information from gauges 	 (Students will know and be able to:) Summarize the importance of accuracy and precision in taking measurements. Demonstrate application of basic algebra, geometry, and trigonometry to solve for unknown information. Identify basic hand tools such as torque wrench, hex wrench, pliers, clamping devices, screwdrivers, chisels, saws, soldering, wire cutters, connectors, etc. Demonstrate safe use of basic hand tools especially pliers and torque wrench. Identify basic power tools. Demonstrate safe use and care of power tools. Demonstrate use of hand tools and basic hand held power tools to make common repairs. 		Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 5 ST 3 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 2 MN-PPD 3 MN-PPD 3 MN-PRO 2,5 MN-QA 5	ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 7 9-10 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		
	interpreted? How is temperature measured with a thermocouple?	 Summarize uses and application of automated tools. Identify tools for measurement such as levels, scales, feeler gauges, thread pitch gauges, calipers, micrometers, dial indicators, protractors, parallels and gauge blocks, precision straightedges and rulers. 					

Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can you use equations to solve real-world proble

	Potential Driving Question: How can you use equations to solve real-world problems?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
		 Demonstrate safe, and responsible handling and care of precision measurement tools. Demonstrate use of precision measurement tools. Explain the importance of precision measurement. Demonstrate proficiency in expressing measurements in imperial and metric systems. Match precision measurement tool to given task. Demonstrate taking and expressing precision measurements. Interpret information from a gauge and measurement reading. Explain how a thermocouple works. Demonstrate use of a thermocouple. 				
Introduction to Industrial Electricity- Part 1	 What are some common safety concerns working in an environment with electrical hazards? What are considered safe working conditions and safe work habits? How does electric shock happen? What purpose do ground wires serve? 	 Explain safe working practices around electrical hazards (e.g., grounding, using ground-fault circuit interrupters [GFCIs] and cords). Identify equipment used to test electrical circuits. Demonstrate safe work habits including ways to protect yourself from 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2, Cluster Standards MN 3,6 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 2	ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 1,2,4,7 9-10 WHST 2 Math	
		electric shock.		MN-PPD 3	Science	

Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can you use equations to solve real-world problems?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
	 What is the importance of ground fault circuit interrupters? Why is awareness of conductors and insulators important for safe practices? What is electricity? 	 Explain how ground fault circuit interrupters work. Compare and contrast the purpose of conductors and insulators. Explain the flow of electrons creating electricity. 		MN-PRO 1,2,3 ST-ET 6	Computer Science and Digital Fluency
Career Exploration	What can be learned from industry professionals?	 Participate in Career Coaching experience. Participate in the Job Shadowing process with local professionals. 	Written Self-Assessment Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation	Career Ready Practices CRP 10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5	ELA Literacy 9-10 WHST 3
				Pathway Standards	Math
					Science
					Computer Science and Digital Fluency

Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
Unit Introduction to Industrial Electricity- Part 2 (OCC ELM 104)		Key Learning Targets	Assessment		NYS Standards
	 How can power be calculated by applying Ohm and Kirchhoff's Laws? What is a node? What is a circuit? What are types of circuits? 	 Define Watts Law. Explain what information Watts Law provides. Define Kirchhoff's current law (KCL) and Kirchhoff's voltage law (KVL). 			

	Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system?				
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
	 How does electricity move through a circuit? How do an open and closed circuit differ? How do series and parallel circuits differ? What is the formula for calculating a series circuit? What is the formula for calculating a parallel circuit? What measuring devices enable these calculations? What are basic components for working with electrical circuits? What role does a conductor and insulator have in electricity? What are 4 elements of a simple circuit? What is the purpose of a voltage regulator? How might voltage drop or increase in circuit? What accounts for voltage source and drop in a circuit What are the 3 types of power supply? What does a transformer do? What is the function of a capacitor? What is a control relay? What tools are used as measurement devices for resistance, voltage and current? What is the purpose of a function generator? How can connection to a DC power supply be done safely? 	 Demonstrate application of power formulas and calculations. Define a node. Describe current flowing into a node and current flowing out. Explain positive and negative terminals. Define circuit. Identity types of circuits (open, closed, series, parallel). Compare and contrast an open and closed circuit. Compare and contrast series and parallel circuits. Demonstrate use of volt and amp meters on parallel and series circuits. Identify and explain the function of conductors, insulators, resistors, capacitors, inductors. Identify power source, conductor, switch, and load as elements of a circuit. Describe how a voltage regulator creates and maintains fixed output of voltage. Describe voltage sources and voltage drops in a circuit loop. Identity 3 types of power supply as linear, switched and battery based. 			

Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system?					
Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
 What information do schematics and wiring diagrams provide? What are common areas to check for failures in systems? Why might mathematical and measurement calculations differ? 	 Compare and contrast power sources of linear, switched and battery based. Explain how a transformer can increase or decrease voltage of AC by electromagnetic induction to transfer energy from 1 circuit to another. Describe the function of a capacitor to store energy and give examples. Identity examples of pilot devices such as push buttons, selector switches, toggle, and rover switches, and indicating lights. Describe the function of a control relay to allow electrical current to flow through a conducting coil to open and close a circuit. Demonstrate troubleshooting control relays. Explain why a function generator might be needed. Identity digital multimeter, oscilloscope, and function generators as tools for measurement. Demonstrate use of digital multimeter, oscilloscope, and function generators as 	Lvidence of Learning			
	 Key Questions What information do schematics and wiring diagrams provide? What are common areas to check for failures in systems? Why might mathematical and 	Rey Questions Key Questions What information do schematics and wiring diagrams provide? What are common areas to check for failures in systems? Why might mathematical and measurement calculations differ? What information do schematics and wiring diagrams provide? Why might mathematical and measurement calculations differ? Why might mathematical and measurement calculations differ? Bezplain how a transformer can increase or decrease voltage of AC by electromagnetic induction to transfer energy from 1 circuit to another. Describe the function of a capacitor to store energy and give examples. Identity examples of pilot devices such as push buttons, selector switches, toggle, and rover switches, and indicating lights. Describe the function of a control relay to allow electrical current to flow through a conducting coil to open and close a circuit. Demonstrate troubleshooting control relays. Explain why a function generator might be needed. Identity digital multimeter, oscilloscope, and function generator as tools for measurement. Demonstrate use of digital multimeter, oscilloscope,	Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system? Key Questions Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:) What information do schematics and wiring diagrams provide? What are common areas to check for failures in systems? Why might mathematical and measurement calculations differ? Pesplain how a transformer can increase or decrease voltage of AC by electromagnetic induction to transfer energy from 1 circuit to another. Describe the function of a capacitor to store energy and give examples. Identity examples of pilot devices such as push buttons, selector switches, and indicating lights. Describe the function of a control relay to allow electrical current to flow through a conducting coil to open and close a circuit. Demonstrate troubleshooting control relays. Explain how a transformer can increase or decrease voltage of AC by electromagnetic induction to transfer energy from 1 circuit to another. Describe the function of a capacitor to store energy and give examples. Identity examples of pilot devices such as push buttons, selector switches, and indicating lights. Describe the function of a control relay to allow electrical current to flow through a conducting coil to open and close a circuit. Demonstrate troubleshooting control relays. Explain how a transformer can increase or decrease voltage of AC by electromagnetic induction generator might be needed. Identity digital multimeter, oscilloscope, and function generators as tools for measurement. Demonstrate use of digital multimeter, oscilloscope, and function generators as testing tools to	Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system? Key Questions Key Learning Targets (students will know and be able to:) What information do schematics and wiring diagrams provide? What are common areas to check for failures in systems? Why might mathematical and measurement calculations differ? Explain how a transformer can increase or decrease voltage of AC by electromagnetic induction to transfer energy from 1 circuit to another. Describe the function of a capacitor to store energy and give examples. Identity examples of pilot devices such as push buttons, selector switches, and indicating lights. Describe the function of a control relay to allow electrical current to flow through a conducting control relay so allow electrical current to flow through a conducting control relays. Explain why a function generator might be needed. Identity digital multimeter, oscilloscope, and function generators as testing tools to	

	Third Quarter Project #3					
	Potential Dr	iving Question How do parts cor	ntribute to form a system	?		
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
Motors and Controls	 What is a single-phase motor? What is a 3-phase motor? What are some of the differences in operation and applications of a single and 3-phase motor? How does a DC motor differ from an AC motor? What are some applications for use of a DC motor? How does a stepper motor work? What type of motor uses brushes and what are the benefits or drawbacks? How can the operation of a motor be enhanced? What is the advantage of a servo motor? What are the differences among unipolar, bipolar, and universal stepper motors? 	 Demonstrate assembly and testing to a DC power supply. Interpret a schematic or wiring diagram. Demonstrate following a schematic or wiring diagram. Demonstrate application of tools and background knowledge to troubleshoot a failure in a system. Demonstrate use of manual formulas, and specific calculators and measurement devices reconciling any differences. Describe single-phase motors and their operation. Describe a 3-phase motor. Compare and contrast single and 3-phase motors in regards to operation and application. Describe the operation of a DC motor. Describe applications for use of a DC motor. Compare and contrast DC and AC motors. Explain the operation and purpose of a stepper motor. Identity types of motors that use brushes and what the advantages are for brushless motors. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 6 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 1,2,3,4,5,6	ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 1,2,4,7 9-10 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

	Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system?				
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
	 How do sensors, actuators, controllers, and mechanical components work together? What is the function of contact or relay? How is overload determined for a given application? What causes the rotor to turn in an electrical motor or generator? What is torque? What information does a motor curve provide? What symbols are used in a line diagram? Why are line or wire numbers needed in a line diagram? What information is provided by a line diagram for the motorcontrol station? What information is needed prior to working on motors and controls? 	 Describe how a motor's operation can be enhanced such as the use of variable drive in AC motors and micro stepper in a stepper motor. Describe the operation of a servo motor. Compare and contrast unipolar, bipolar, and universal stepper motors. Describe the interaction of sensors. actuators, controllers, and mechanical components including starters, relay switches, timers, and variable frequency drives. Explain how and when a contact or relay is triggered. Explain how overload is determined for a given application. Explain the relationship between voltage, current, power and RPM (revolutions per minute). Define torque. Explain the information found in a motor curve. Identify and define common symbols in a line diagram. Explain why line or wire numbers are needed in a line diagram. 			

Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
Circuits	 What are circuits? How does electricity move through a circuit? What role does a conductor and insulator have in electricity? What is the relationship between current and resistance? How is current and resistance measured? What is the relationship between conductors, insulators, resistors, capacitors, inductors? How does an open-circuit work? How does a closed-circuit work? How do an open and closed circuit differ? What are series circuits? What is the relationship between Ohms and Watts Laws and volts, amperage, and ohms? What is Thevenin's Theorem? How is Thevenin's theorem applied? 	 Interpret line diagrams for motor controls stations to include symbols, line number, wire numbers, reference numbers. Demonstrate use of ohmmeter and ammeter. Demonstrate basic troubleshooting for motors, connections, and controls. Demonstrate checking starting relays, capacitors, and overloads in a safe manner. Explain what a circuit is and how it functions. Explain how electrons move from positive to negative. Explain the importance of conductors and resistors and give examples. Explain current voltage and resistance. Demonstrate measurement of current. Explain relationship among conductors, insulators, resistors, capacitors, and inductors. Explain operation of open and closed circuits. Compare and contrast open and closed circuits. Explain operation of series and parallel circuits. Compare and contrast series and parallel circuits 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 1 Pathway Standards MN-PPD 1 ST-ET 6	ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy 9-10 RST 1,2,4,7 9-10 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency

Key Questions	_	iti ibate to ioiiii a systeiii :		Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system?				
•	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards				
What is Norton Theorem? How is Norton's' Theorem different from Thevenin's theorem? How is Norton's Theorem applied? What is the superposition theorem? How does the superposition theorem simplify an analysis? What is the maximum power transfer theorem? What is nodal analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is mesh analysis? How can the current circulating through a loop or mess be determined? What is the relationship of Kirchoff and Ohms law to mesh analysis? How can circuit behavior be predicted and verified? How is series resistance calculated? How is parallel resistance calculated? What is the purpose of a flyback or snubber diode? How does a wheatstone bridge work? How does a potentiometer work? How do the electromagnetic components operate in a system? How is wiring for series and parallel circuits completed? What are common	 Explain what information Ohm's and Watts law provide. Demonstrate application of power formulas and calculations. Explain Thevenin's Theorem. Demonstrate calculations with Thevenin's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Compare and contrast Norton's and Thevenin's Theorems. Demonstrate calculations with Norton's Theorem. Explain superposition theorem. Explain superposition theorem. Describe how superposition theorem. Explain the maximum power transfer theorem. Explain nodal analysis. Explain mesh or loop analysis. Explain mesh or loop analysis to determine current flow. Explain the relationship of Kirchoff and Ohm's Law to mesh analysis. Analyze schematics and apply Ohm, Kirchhoff, and Watts Laws to troubleshoot simple circuits. Demonstrate calculation of 	Evidence of Learning						
	What is Norton Theorem? How is Norton's' Theorem different from Thevenin's theorem? How is Norton's Theorem applied? What is the superposition theorem? How does the superposition theorem simplify an analysis? What is the maximum power transfer theorem? What is nodal analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is mesh analysis? How can the current circulating through a loop or mess be determined? What is the relationship of Kirchoff and Ohms law to mesh analysis? How can circuit behavior be predicted and verified? How is series resistance calculated? How is parallel resistance calculated? What is the purpose of a flyback or snubber diode? How does a wheatstone bridge work? How does a potentiometer work? How do the electromagnetic components operate in a system? How is wiring for series and parallel circuits completed?	 What is Norton Theorem? How is Norton's Theorem different from Thevenin's theorem? How is Norton's Theorem applied? What is the superposition theorem simplify an analysis? What is the maximum power transfer theorem? What is nodal analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is the relationship of Kirchoff and Ohms law to mesh analysis? How can circuit behavior be predicted and verified? How is series resistance calculated? How is parallel resistance calculated? How does a wheatstone bridge work? How does a potentiometer work? How does a potentiometer work? How do the electromagnetic components operate in a system? What is completed? What are common Explain what information Ohm's and Watts law provide. Demonstrate application of power formulas and calculations. Explain Thevenin's Theorem. Explain Thevenin's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Thevenin's Theorem. Explain the maximum power transfer theorem. Explain the maximum power transfer theorem. Explain the maximum power transfer theorem. Explain nesh or loop analysis to determine current flow. Explain the relationship of Kirchoff and Ohm's Law to mesh analysis. Analyze schematics and apply Ohm, Kirchhoff, and Watts Laws to troubleshoot simple circuits. Demonstrate calculation of 	What is Norton Theorem? How is Norton's' Theorem different from Thevenin's theorem? How is Norton's Theorem applied? What is the superposition theorem simplify an analysis? What is the maximum power transfer theorem? What is nodal analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is the relationship of Kirchoff and Ohms law to mesh analysis? How can circuit behavior be predicted and verified? How is series resistance calculated? What is the purpose of a flyback or snubber diode? How does a wheatstone bridge work? How does a potentiometer work? How does a potentiometer work? How wis wiring for series and parallel circuits completed? What are common Students will know and acalculation Ohm's and Watts law provide. Demonstrate application of power formulas and calculations. Explain Thevenin's Theorem. Compare and contrast Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Demonstrate calculations with Thevenin's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Demonstrate calculations with Norton's and Thevenin's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Demonstrate calculations with Norton's and Thevenin's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Demonstrate calculations with Norton's Theorem. Explain norton	What is Norton Theorem? How is Norton's Theorem different from Thevenin's theorem? How is Norton's Theorem applied? What is the superposition theorem simplify an analysis? What is the maximum power transfer theorem? What is nodal analysis? What is mesh analysis? What is mesh analysis? How can the current circulating through a loop or mess be determined? What is the relationship of Kirchoff and Ohms law to mesh analysis? How can circuit behavior be predicted and verified? How is series resistance calculated? What is the purpose of a flyback or snubber diode? What is the purpose of a flyback or snubber diode? What is the purpose of a flyback or snubber diode? How does a wheatstone bridge work? How do the electromagnetic components operate in a system? How is wiring for series and parallel circuits completed? What are common Explain what information Ohm's and Watts law provide. Demonstrate application of power formulas and calculations. Demonstrate calculations with Thevenin's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. Explain Norton's Theorem. 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	Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question How do parts contribute to form a system?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
	 Why is documentation important during troubleshooting? How is documentation formatted? Why does working as a team help the troubleshooting process? 	 Demonstrate calculation of parallel circuit resistance. Explain the purpose of a flyback or snubber diode. Explain how a wheatstone bridge works. Demonstrate use of a potentiometer. Explain how coils, solenoids, relay sensor and contractors operate as a system. Demonstrate building of both a series and parallel circuit following schematics and wiring diagrams. Demonstrate application of measurement tools, analysis of data, and synthesis of calculations to troubleshoot circuit function. Explain the importance of documentation during troubleshooting. Demonstrate technical writing in reports and documentation. Demonstrate clear concise documentation of trouble shooting experiences. Demonstrate ability to work as part of a technical team. 				

	Potential Driving Question	Fourth Quarter Project #4 on: How do scientific discoveries	s and advances impact ma	anufacturing?	
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
Logic Gates	 What are logic gates? What type of logic do two (normally closed and normally open) switches in parallel represent? What type of logic do two 	 Describe varied types of logic gates. Describe the function of logic gates. Demonstrate use of logic gates to build or run 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance	Career Ready Practices CRP 2	ELA 9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6
	(normally closed and normally open) switches in series represent? Class F Class F Teacher C	 Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ 	Cluster Standards ST 2 Pathway Standards	Literacy Math	
	 Why are logic gates fundamental building blocks? 		Checklist	ST-ET 1	Science
					Computer Science and Digital Fluency
Vacuum: What, Why and How	 What is a vacuum? What are examples of application of vacuum in fabrication or manufacturing? What is atmospheric pressure? How is atmospheric pressure measured (what gas is used) and 	 Define what vacuum is. Identify current and future applications for vacuum in varied industries and technologies. Define atmospheric pressure. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation	Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards	9-10 R 1,2,4 9-10 W 2 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6 Literacy
	expressed?What is the significance of a negative atmospheric pressure?	 Apply appropriate terminology for measurement of gas 	Class AssignmentsTeacherObservation/	MN 6 ST 1 Pathway Standards	9-10 RST 1,2,4,7 9-10 WHST 2 Math
	What instruments measure pressure?What are key terminology?	pressure.Describe the relationship of negative atmospheric	Checklist	MN-MIR 1,3,4,5,6 MN-PPD 4 MN-PRO 1,2,3,4,5	Science
	 How is a vacuum created? What type of pumps and gauges are used? Why is the vacuum environment used? 	 pressure and a vacuum environment. Demonstrate using varied tools and gauges to read pressure. 		ST-ET 2	Computer Science and Digital Fluency
	 What happens if there is a leak in a vacuum environment? How is the vacuum environment sealed? 	Define common terms used in vacuum technology such as; thermal gauges, direct and indirect pressure			

Potenti	Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How do scientific discoveries and advances impact manufacturing?					
Unit Key Ques	Key Learning Tar (Students will know and b		CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
How is a vacuum maintained? Where might lea What is leak tes What are proced protocols used in What is a Mass Leak Detector (N	m environment measurement, ble upstream and dow throttle, vacuum controller, micron, n leak testing? vacuum method of Spectrometer evacuation.	ed, rinstream, ontrol, aum deep ess of . ts such and aintain a ent. used to rocess when a ent is onductor ogy. ts if an y. ources oles, edure of ermine is red thods to				
	Demonstrate use of the state of the sta	of MSLD.				

	Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How do scientific discoveries and advances impact manufacturing?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Career Exploration	What are different engineering pathways within this field?	 Demonstrate analysis of the vacuum system to determine if it is functioning correctly. Demonstrate locating and repairing leaks in a system. Identify engineering specialties associated with 	Written ● Self-Assessment	Career Ready Practices	ELA 9-10 R 1		
	 What are the job responsibilities and educational requirements for an engineering pathway? What are some technician careers/roles within this field? What are job responsibilities and 	this field such as material, mechanical, electrical, and computer. Identify educational requirements and typical job tasks for engineers.	 Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments 	CRP 3,7,10	9-10 W 2,3,5 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6		
	 educational requirements for technicians? What are different careers associated with trades to support facilities and the fabrication 	 Identify varied types of technicians associated with this field. Identify educational requirements and typical 	Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5 Pathway Standards	9-10 WHST 4,5,6,7 Math		
	 What are job responsibilities and education requirements for supporting trades? What pathway is of most interest? What are specific industry certifications that will support career goal? What additional information and experiences are needed to inform career decisions? 	job tasks for technicians. Identify support trades such as electrician, operations and maintenance, automation, cleanroom systems, and HVAC found in this industry. Identify educational requirements and typical job tasks for support trades. Identify industry certifications that support career pathway goal. Identify areas of interest. Generate questions to gather additional information.			Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		

	Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How do scientific discoveries and advances impact manufacturing?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
		 Summarize research, including interviews, and observations regarding career pathways of interest. 				
Reflection		 Written Self-Assessment Written Reflection Professional Portfolio 	Career Ready Practices CRP 10	9-10 W 3 9-10 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 9-10 L 1,2,4,6		
		Performance	Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5 Pathway Standards	Literacy 9-10 WHST 4		
			Checklist	,	Science	
					Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Microchip Technology Pathway Course Syllabus Level 3

Pathway Overview

This 4-year sequence of courses will prepare students to enter the field of high technology fabrication such as semiconductor manufacturing along with other applications. Students will be poised to enter the industry directly as a technician, continue their education to obtain an associate's degree in electromechanical, mechatronics or semiconductor microchip technology. Within this pathway students will explore career possibilities through research, field visits and professional mentoring. Students will obtain safety certification to work in an industrial setting, be able to apply background information in physics, chemistry, and math to understand the fabrication process and to trouble-shoot processes and machines. Students will have a solid background in applied electrical theory and clean laboratory protocols. Students will demonstrate their skills as technical readers and writers and demonstrate professional communication skills. Students will balance individual skills with group development skills including collaboration, communication, critical thinking, creativity, problem solving, perseverance, information literacy, technology skills, and digital literacy. They will develop awareness of motivating and supporting others including an awareness of diversity, ethical and professional practices. Students will have opportunities to pursue certifications including, but not limited to: OSHA 10, Microsoft Word and Excel, receive 18-24 college credits and other industry certifications demonstrating their knowledge and career readiness for this field.

Course Description

During the third year, students refine their technical reading, writing and presentation skills. They expand their digital literacy by examining programming concepts, tools and constructs including programmable logic controllers. They work to solve complex problems by deconstructing a problem, analyzing causes and other factors, to propose and evaluate possible solutions. This further develops students' ability to troubleshoot processes and mechanicals. Technical skills continue to be developed through the deeper exploration of fluid power and mechanics. Consideration is also given to students' study of ethics and awareness of diversity and other issues and concerns. Through mentorship, students will be encouraged to develop their identity as a professional in a STEAM career.

All students will engage in project-based learning at a minimum of a project each quarter. Intrinsic to project-based learning is to examine a driving question or identify a problem by articulating what is already known, and what students need to know to answer the question. Students are guided to develop and execute a plan culminating in a presentation or product demonstrating their response to the initial question or problem. This process concludes with self-reflection regarding their learning. As such, learning happens during project execution and not solely as a final activity to show learning.

Work-Based Learning

Students will be connected with local and national employers and industries throughout their learning experiences especially as they complete project-based learning experiences. These professional connections may include interviews, field trips to local businesses, job shadowing and career coaching. It is expected that these experiences will lead to opportunities for direct job training and real-world experience. Students will create and maintain a portfolio of their experiences to document the development of their skills, including a professional resume.

Additional Learning Opportunities

- Micro-credentials: Students may pursue learning experiences and credentials depending on the
 requirements of the project that they are involved in. Some examples for this pathway include, but are not
 limited to:
 - Microsoft Office Specialist: Word Associate
 - Microsoft Office Specialist: Excel Associate
 - o OSHA 10 Hour
 - o Other Industry certifications such as such as CISCO, CompTIA and others
- Summer Bridge Enrichment: Students will have the opportunity to participate in cross-curricular Summer
 Bridge programs to enhance and enrich their skills. Students will explore and create solutions that address
 authentic needs in the school and wider community with the involvement of local industry professionals.
 Students will build on skills learned during the school year to work collaboratively with students from other
 pathways and programs.

Pre-Requisites

Semiconductor Microchip Technology Levels 1 and 2

Course Objectives

At the completion of this course students will know and be able to:

- Accurately read and interpret technical drawings and documentation.
- Communicate through concise and clear documentation.
- Demonstrate understanding of programming concepts and constructs.
- Develop and document programs.
- Demonstrate the use of appropriate data types, syntax, logic and program controls to create programming solutions.
- Examine and diagram the basic design of databases, graphical user interfaces and communication protocols in programming.
- Identify complex problems and apply a process to evaluate a solution.
- Explain the relationship between problem solving and troubleshooting.
- Identify fluid power systems and devices and explain functions of components and systems.
- Interpret fluid power drawing and diagnose fluid power systems as part of basic troubleshooting (including any calculations of flow rate, flow velocity and mechanical advantage in a hydraulic system).
- Identify common components and functions of different mechanisms.
- Interpret mechanical drawings and demonstrate assembly of mechanisms correctly.
- Calculate performance of common industrial mechanisms and troubleshoot common problems.
- Demonstrate communication and presentation skills utilizing data and visuals.
- Explain and discuss current ethical and environmental concerns within this field.
- Demonstrate troubleshooting with programmable logic controllers.

Integrated High School Academics

N/A

Concurrent College Enrollment

TBD- Possible OCC ELM 100, ELM 105, ELM 107, ELM 109 (8 credits)

Equipment and Supplies

- School will provide: All tools including technology, equipment and supplies to complete projects
- Student will provide: N/A

Textbook

TBD

<u>Grading</u>

40% Classwork assignments including any quizzes/tests

60% Projects and presentations (rubric)

Additional Course Policies

Students are expected to:

- Meet all deadlines and be on time.
- Deadlines and being on time are a major part of being a professional.
- Produce their best work, including being prepared for presentations.
- Participate in class including contributing to discussions and critiquing their own and others' work, as well
 as diligently working on their own projects.
- Seek help when needed.
- Be attentive, ask questions if they do not understand something, and offer their opinions.
- Use Microsoft 365 and other technology tools for preparing and sharing all work.
- Give credit and use proper citations for all research and project ideas.

Course Calendar

Quarter	Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	What impact may result from unclear or omitted documentation?	 Class Expectations and Policies Safety Review Technical Reading and Writing Programming Fundamentals (part 1)
2	How do processes and procedures lead to better solutions?	 Programming Fundamentals (part 2) Introduction to Problem Solving Career Exploration
3	How can we plan, prevent and respond to problems?	Fluid PowerMechanisms (Part 1)
4	In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices?	 Mechanisms (Part 2) Presentations with Data and Visuals Ethics and Emerging Technologies Programmable Logic Controls Career Exploration and Reflection

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Pathway Scope and Sequence Level 3

	First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: What impact may result from unclear or omitted documentation?								
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards				
Class Expectations and Policies Safety Review	 What are the expectations for students in the semiconductor manufacturing program? What are key safety concepts? How is safety maintained in a 	 Develop classroom rules and establish relationships. Articulate goals towards a career of choice. Demonstrate in daily 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection	Career Ready Practices CRP 1	ELA 11-12 W 3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,4,6				
	job-site or lab?	practice safety protocols such as identifying and mitigating potential hazards	Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments	Cluster Standards MN 5 ST 3	Literacy 11-12 WHST 3				
		and unsafe practices.	Teacher Observation/	Pathway Standards MN-MIR 2	Math				
			Checklist	MN-PPD 3 MN-PRO 2,5	Science				
				MN-QA 5	Computer Science and Digital Fluency				
Technical Reading and Writing	 Why is clear and concise communication important? What makes technical reading and writing different from literary reading and writing? How does text structure assist the reader? 	 Explain the importance of clear and concise communication. Compare and contrast technical reading and writing with literary reading and writing. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation	Career Ready Practices CRP 2,4	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,3,4,5,6, 11-12 W 1,2 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6				
	 How is professionalism demonstrated in emails and other forms of communication? What information do technical documents provide? 	 Explain various text structures and how those structures support technical reading and writing. Demonstrate professional 	 Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist 	Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 1,2	Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,3,4,5,6,8 11-12 WHST 1,2,3,4				
	What might be impact if a technical document is	language and conduct in email and other communication forms.		Pathway Standards MN-MIR 1,3,5,6 MN-PPD 1,2,3,4,5	Math Science				

	First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: What impact may result from unclear or omitted documentation?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards			
	misinterpreted or contains an error? How are adjustments and actions recorded? What problems may occur if actions are not documented or colleagues do not have access to the latest version? How does documentation improve future prediction and/or avoidance of future problems? How does documentation facilitate communication across shifts and among personnel?	 Interpret technical documents such as data sheets, operating manuals, reports, schematics, and diagrams. Evaluate a technical document or data sheet for accuracy, clarity, and ease of comprehension. Revise a technical document or data sheet to correct an error or to add clarity. Create a technical data sheet. Create a technical document detailing an operational procedure. Explain the purpose of logs, access, and version management. Demonstrate updating a log that includes action, date, and justification. Explain how well-maintained records and documentation help predict future issues and assist in troubleshooting. Explain how documentation provides continuity across personnel whether due to different shifts, work days, or personnel turnover. 	Evidence of Learning	MN-QA 1.3.4.6.7	Computer Science and Digital Fluency			
Programming Fundamentals (Part 1)	What is mechatronics?		Written ● Self-Assessment	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,5,8,11,12	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4,7 11-12 W 2			

	First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: What impact may result from unclear or omitted documentation?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards			
Unit	 Key Questions How do humans develop and communicate with machines? What is the Internet of Things and Industrial Internet of Things? What are common programming languages used in this field? What are the applications of commonly used scripting languages? How is logic and coding implemented? What is the relationship between computer hardware, computer software, and computer system components? What is algorithmic procedure? What are the basic concepts of a programming language? What are common data types? How are decision points programmed? What is the software development life cycle (SDLC)? How is a program developed? How are English instructions translated into programming language? How does an automated system function? What is the difference between a closed and open loop system? 			Cluster Standards ST 1,2 Pathway Standards ST-ET 1,2,3,4,5,6 ST-SM 2,4	NYS Standards 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4,5 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency			
		Explain algorithmic procedure as problem statement, creation of						

First Quarter Project #1 Potential Driving Question: What impact may result from unclear or omitted documentation?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Unit	Key Questions	possible solutions, determination of best solution. Describe basic concepts of a programming language such as variables, control structures, data types, data structures, syntax, and tools. Identify common data types such as: integers, real numbers, characters, Boolean, lists, strings. identify common decision points such as: conditional branching, logical operators, looping. Demonstrate use of decision points by creating flowcharts and pseudocode. Identify the following as basic steps in the software development life cycle: define the problem, develop the algorithm, code the program, test the program, document the program, implement the program, and maintain the program.		CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
		 Translate logical expressions into schematic or symbolic representation. Design a program, using an algorithm, pseudocode, a flowchart, and/or a decision table. 					

First Quarter Project #1									
	Potential Driving Question: What impact may result from unclear or omitted documentation?								
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards				
Unit	Key Questions	 Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:) Translate the algorithm, pseudocode, flowchart, or decision table into a standard procedural programming language. Demonstrate testing the program with sample data. Demonstrate debugging the program including identifying and fixing syntax, logic, and runtime errors. Demonstrate documenting the program including in-line comments, user notes to provide both internal and external documentation for a program. Demonstrate implementation of the program which may include compiling code, creating an executable file, or running a script. Explain how an automated systems function. Explain the difference between open and closed loop system design and implementation. Interpret the flow of information in a control function for an automated system. Define the software design process including input, processing, and output, 	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards				
		user interface design (UI) and user experience (UX).							

Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How do processes and procedures lead to better solutions?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Unit Programming Fundamentals (Part 2) (OCC ELM 109)	 Key Questions How do databases provide information? What is Structured Query Language (SQL) What are the steps in database development life cycle? What are the steps in database design? How is a database created? How is a database interpreted? How is a database managed? What are graphical user interfaces (GUI)? What are design considerations for GUI? What are communication protocols in programming? What are different computer languages commonly used and for what purposes? How is a proficiency in a computer language demonstrated? 	 (Students will know and be able to:) Identify the characteristics of different types of databases. Compare and contrast applications of different types of databases (relational vs non-relational types). Define SQL. Describe the database development life cycle. Apply design concepts to database models. Create a relational database by conceptual design, write code, test code, implement and document. Demonstrate proficiency in following the logic of database designs. Interpret data from databases. Evaluate database for stability and accuracy. Describe the steps and outcomes considered when developing a database. Define and give examples of graphics user interface (GUI). Explain the importance of 		Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,5,8,11,12 Cluster Standards ST 1,2 Pathway Standards ST-ET 1,2,3,4,5,6 ST-SM 2,4	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4,7 11-12 W 2 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4,5 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		
		font style, font size, color scheme, and end-user needs, including the needs of users with disabilities when designing a GUI.					

	Second Quarter Project #2							
Unit	Potential Driving Que Key Questions	estion: How do processes and p Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards			
Introduction to Problem Solving (OCC ELM 100)	 What are types of problems? What is the difference between open and closed ended problems? What are some problem-solving approaches? What is the importance of critical thinking to solving problems? What is root cause analysis? How does a root cause analysis help solve a problem? How do cause and effect diagrams help solve a problem? What is fault tree analysis? How does fault tree analysis help solve a problem? What are some brainstorming strategies? How are problem solving strategies applied to solve technical problems? How are solutions evaluated? How are problem solving and troubleshooting similar? What traits support lifelong learning? 	 Evaluate examples of GUI for attention to user need. Create a graphical user interface. Demonstrate adherence to all documentation for programs, and revisions. Identify various computer languages and applications. Demonstrate writing and executing a program. Identify and describe types of problems. Compare and contrast open and closed ended problems. Describe several problemsolving approaches. Explain why critical thinking is important for solving problems. Define root cause analysis. Describe how root analysis helps to surface a problem. Describe how cause and effect diagrams help to identify a problem. Define fault tree analysis. Explain how fault tree analysis helps to identify a problem. Describe brainstorm strategies. Apply brainstorming, root cause analysis to solve technical problems. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12 Cluster Standards ST 1,2, Pathway Standards ST-ET 1,2,3,4,5, ST-SM 4	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4,7 11-12 W 2 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 2,3,4,6,7,8,9 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency			

	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How do processes and procedures lead to better solutions?								
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards				
Career Exploration	 What can be learned from professionals in the field? How do experiences with job shadowing and mentoring/coaching impact career goals? 	 Demonstrate evaluation of potential solutions with application of criteria, consequences, implications, and results. Describe characteristics of problem solving and troubleshooting. Explain the importance of lifelong learning and what traits support lifelong learning. Demonstrate professional behaviors and traits in job shadow and coaching/mentoring experiences. Expand and refine career goals based on career coaching and job shadowing experiences. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5 Pathway Standards	ELA 11-12 R 1,2 11-12 W 2,3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 WHST 3 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency				

	Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question: How can we plan, prevent and respond to problems?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards			
Fluid Power (OCC ELM 107)	 What is fluid power? What types of systems and devices use fluid power? How does a fluid power system differ from a mechanical power. 	 Define fluid power. Identify examples of systems and devices utilizing fluid power. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes	Career Ready Practices CRP 2	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4 11-12 W 2 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6			
(OCC ELIW 107)	 How does a fluid power system? Why and when is a fluid power system preferred? What are safety procedures to implement when working with fluid power systems? What are the principles of fluid power? How do thermodynamics factor into fluid power systems? How do pressure and temperature affect fluid power systems? How does a fluid power system work? What fluids are used in hydraulic and pneumatic systems? Why are gasses compressible? What are Pascal's and Boyle's Laws? What are components of a fluid power system? What are different types of solenoids? What are the functions of various valves? 	 Describe how fluid power systems and controls function. Name two types of fluid power. Compare and contrast fluid power systems and mechanical power systems. Describe the advantages of fluid power systems. Demonstrate use of PPE when working with fluid power systems. Describe safety precautions when working with fluid power systems. Describe responses for a hydraulic injection accident. Describe the physics, use of liquid or gas and components of a fluid power system including force, speed, friction, flow, pressure, and power within a fluid power system. 	 Tests/Qui2Zes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist 	Cluster Standards MN 6 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 1,2,3,4,5,6	1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency			
	 What is the function of the pressure regulator? What is an actuator? What factors influence selection of the type of actuator? 	 Describe how fluid power systems work to convert energy. Explain the relationship of pressure and temperature on fluid power systems. 						

	Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question: How can we plan, prevent and respond to problems?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards			
	 What are different types of pumps or compressors used in fluid power? What are the advantages and disadvantages of types of pumps and compressors? What is cavitation? What symbols are used for fluid power components? How are fluid power circuit diagrams read? How is a fluid power system constructed? What adjustments might need to be made to a fluid power system? What documentation is needed? Why might a fluid power system breakdown? What are routine maintenance functions? What considerations need to be taken when troubleshooting a fluid power system? How is flow rate, flow velocity and mechanical advantage determined? What are some differences and similarities between hydraulic and pneumatic systems? What are some advantages and disadvantages of hydraulic and pneumatic systems? When would a hydraulic system be better to use than a pneumatic system and vice versa? 	 Identify liquids and gasses utilized in fluid power systems. Explain the compressibility of gasses. Explain Pascal and Boyle Laws and the application to fluid power systems. Identify and state function of components of a fluid power system such as: reservoirs, accumulators or bladders, valves, gauges, cylinders, limit switches, solenoids, supply elements (pumps/compressors), and actuators. Identify types of solenoids. Describe varied functions of various valves. Describe the function of a pressure regulator. Define what an actuator is and give examples. Describe factors influencing selection of an actuator. Identify positive displacement and nondisplacements pumps and describe how they work. Compare and construct types of pumps and compressors. Identity when turbine or centrifugal pumps might be used. Explain cavitation. 						

Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question: How can we plan, prevent and respond to problems? Assessment **Key Learning Targets** Unit **Key Questions CCTC Standards NYS Standards** (Students will know and be able to:) **Evidence of Learning** Identify symbols used in fluid power diagrams. Demonstrate accurate reading of a fluid power diagram by summarizing. Demonstrate reading of symbols and diagrams to construct a fluid power system including connecting a supply element to a control device and an actuator. Describe and document the construction of the system and how it works. Demonstrate making common adjustments such as flow control, pressure regulation, current to pressure transducer and voltage to pressure transducer. Demonstrate documenting any adjustments. Describe common

breakdown points in a fluid

maintenance functions to be performed on a fluid

 Demonstrate application of troubleshooting process with a fluid power system.
 Demonstrate calculation of flow rate, flow velocity and mechanical advantage in a

power system.

Describe routine

power system.

hydraulic steam.

Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question: How can we plan, prevent and respond to problems?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets	Assessment	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Mechanisms (Part 1)	 What are mechanisms? What are specific safety protocols when working with mechanisms? What are the types of actuators? What are common sensors? What do sensors do? What is the difference between analog and digital sensors? What are different gears? Where are the following found: levers, gear drives, belt drives, chain drives, lead screws/ball screws? What are mechanical elements? 	 (Students will know and be able to:) Compare and contrast hydraulic and pneumatic systems including what components are common to both hydraulic and pneumatic systems. Name advantages and disadvantages of hydraulic and pneumatic systems. Evaluate which fluid power system would be most effective in a given environment and application. Give examples of mechanisms and where they are encountered. Describe PPE and safety protocols when working with mechanisms. Demonstrate in daily practice safety protocols such as identifying and mitigating potential hazards and unsafe practices. Identify actuators as electromechanical, hydraulic, or pneumatic. Identify common sensors. Explain how sensors work. Match sensors to what is being measured such as: switches, temperature, 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 6 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 1,2,3,4,5,6	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		
		force, speed, pressure, flow rate, proximity, magnetism, light.					

	Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question: How can we plan, prevent and respond to problems?								
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards				
		 Explain the difference between analog and digital sensors. Identity types of gears. Give examples of levers, gears drives, belt drives, chain drives and lead screw/ball screws. Identify elements such as: fasteners, bearings, couplings, gears, shafts, springs, sheaves, sprockets, shims. 							

Fourth Quarter Project # 4 Potential Driving Question: In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
Unit Mechanisms (Part 2)	 What type of maintenance do machine elements require? What are parts of a motor control system? What are the main types of connectors used for electrical connections? How are line diagrams interpreted for motor control stations? What is the difference between NO and NC switches? How are motor control stations assembled? How are gear ratios determined? Why are accurate mechanical drawings important? What are common problems with mechanical systems? 	 Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:) Explain the importance of inspections and regular maintenance such as lubrication. Describe the parts of the motor control system including motor starters, overload, contactor/relay, switches, timers, variable frequency drives. Describe types of connectors such as plugand-socket connectors, jacks and plugs, crimp-on connectors, soldered connectors, insulation-displacement connectors, binding posts, screw terminals, ring-and-spade connectors. Demonstration accurate reading of line diagrams for motor control stations including symbols, line numbers, wire numbers. Explain the difference between normally open and normally closed switches. Demonstrate assembly of a motor control NO and NC switches for varied 		Career Ready Practices CRP 2 Cluster Standards MN 6 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 1,2,3,4,5,6	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	
		purposes such as: single start/stop, multiple start/stop, start/stop/jog, sequential start/stop, safety start, forward/reverse.				

Fourth Quarter Project # 4

Potential Driving Question: In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices? **Assessment Key Learning Targets** Unit **CCTC Standards NYS Standards Key Questions** (Students will know and be able to:) **Evidence of Learning** Demonstrate accurate determination of gear ratios. • Explain the importance of accurate mechanical drawing and potential problems if schematics or drawing are not followed. Interpret a mechanical drawing to assemble the mechanism correctly. Apply troubleshooting protocols to determine and address common problems experienced with mechanical systems. Presentation Written **Career Ready ELA** How is data presented in a clear Present written and oral with Data and and concise manner? communication in a clear, Self-Assessment **Practices** 11-12 W 2 • Class Assignments Visuals What are techniques and tools to concise, and effective CRP 4 11-12 SL display data effectively? Written Reflection 1,2,3,4,5,6 manner. What is public speaking? 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Demonstrate use of Performance What are key techniques to techniques and technology Class Presentation Cluster Standards Literacy support clear spoken tools to create visual Class Assignments ST 2 11-12 RST 7 displays of data. 11-12 WHST 2 communication to a group? Teacher **Pathway Standards** Identify key aspects to be Observation/ Math an effective public speaker. Checklist ST-ET 2.5 Demonstrate clear spoken Science communication to a group. Demonstrate effective use Computer of visuals and data displays Science and to support oral and written Digital Fluency presentations. **Ethics and** Written Career Ready What are some current events or Identify current events and ELA **Practices Emerging** ethical issues related to ethical issues related to Self-Assessment 11-12 R 1,2,4,7,9 **Technologies** semiconductor manufacturing and semiconductor technology Class Assignments CRP 1,4,5,8,9,12 11-12 W integrated chip technology? and manufacturing. Tests/Quizzes 1,2,3,5,6,7 Written Reflection 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6

Fourth Quarter Project # 4 Potential Driving Question: In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
	technology and fields of study related to semiconductor manufacturing? What may be some implications of future technological developments? How are competing priorities and values balanced or determined? How do laws and ethics shape policy and practices in fabrication? What is the importance of laws that protect intellectual property rights? What is meant by the global economy? What is the impact of the global economy? What is the relationship between national security and semiconductor manufacturing?	 Identify emerging technological research such as nanotechnology and quantum computing among others. Explain the potential impact of technological research and development currently under study may have on semiconductor manufacturing. Describe ways that competing interests or priorities are balanced or not. Describe how laws and regulations impact practices. Describe how public advocacy can impact law and regulations. Explain how intellectual property rights are protected. Define the global economy. Describe the impact of the global economy on semiconductor manufacturing. Describe the relationship between national security interests and semiconductor manufacturing. Describe what might be required for a security clearance. 	Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Cluster Standards MN 1 ST 4 Pathway Standards	Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,3,5,6,7,8,9 11-12 WHST 2,3,4.5.6.7 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

Fourth Quarter Project # 4 Potential Driving Question: In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards
		 Explain the impact of institutional racism and discrimination and identify steps to network and locate mentors to develop an identity in the STEAM field. Analyze a current event or ethical issue related to semiconductor fabrication and determine what might be competing interests, benefits, and drawbacks to different groups, and how laws and regulations impact practice. 			
Programmable Logic Controls	 What is the role of programmable logic controllers in automated systems? How does the Raspberry Pi function? What are different types of control systems? How are automated and non-automated systems alike and different? What are examples of a programmable controller? What components make up a programmable controller? What is the difference between a programmable logic controller (PLC) and a programmable automation controller (PAC)? What are the basic function and design of PLC's? What are logic gates? How do computers use logic to make decisions? 	 Explain the role of programmable logic controllers (PLC) in automated systems. Identify devices used as control systems. Demonstrate application of programming and installation skills to incorporate use of a control system such as Raspberry PI. Compare and contrast automated and non-automated control systems. Identify examples of programmable controllers. Describe components such as central processing unit, integrated development environments, input/output modules, power supply. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 2,11 Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 2 Pathway Standards MN-PPD 2 ST-ET 2	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4 11-12 W 2 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency

Potential D	Fourth Quarter Project # 4 Potential Driving Question: In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
	 What are the benefits of using a PLC over standard relay control and/or solid-state controls? How is a PLC designed and function? What is ladder logic? What is function block diagram programming (FBD)? How are ladder diagrams interpreted? What are block diagrams? How are block diagrams interpreted? Where are ladder logic diagrams used most often? How does the ladder diagram simplify the logic tasks of a PLC program? How is a PLC connected to electrical components? Why might an emergency stop button be needed.? How does a PLC understand the sequencing of a program? How is a written program transferred to a functioning PLC? What are some additional safety considerations with automated PLC? 	 Compare and contrast PLC and PAC. Describe the basic functions and design of PLCs. Describe types of logic gates. Explain how logic is the basis of coding and programming computers. Describe how standard relay control, solid-state control and programmable controller work and what the benefits of PLC are. Identity components of a PLC and demonstrate functions of the components. Identify ladder diagrams and the information provided. Identify block diagrams and the information provided. Explain ladder logic diagrams and associated symbols. Explain function block diagram programming and associated symbols. Interpret ladder and block diagrams. Create a ladder diagram including legend. Create a block diagram including the legend. Convert wiring and line or ladder diagrams for simple 				

Fourth Quarter Project # 4

Potential Driving Question: In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices? Assessment **Key Learning Targets** Unit **CCTC Standards NYS Standards Key Questions** (Students will know and be able to:) **Evidence of Learning** logic tasks into PLC programs using common instructions. Demonstrate connection of a PLC with components such as a NO and NC start and stop, seniors, relays, and drives. Explain the importance of an emergency stop and how that works. • Create PLC program with: single start/stop with counter, sequential start/stop with timer, forward/reverse motor controllers. Demonstrate downloading of a written program to a PLC and performing functions according to criteria provided. Demonstrate use of safety switches, protocols and procedures when working with automated programmable logic controls. Summarize industry What industry recognized Written **Career Ready ELA** Career certifications have been obtained **Practices** W3 **Exploration** certifications obtained and Self-Assessment and Reflection and how will additional CRP 10 11-12 SL create plan for any Class Assignments certifications be pursued? additional industry Tests/Quizzes 1,2,3,4,5,6 How are skills and experiences certifications. Written Reflection 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 documented? Update and revise resume, **Cluster Standards** Performance Literacv portfolio, and employability 11-12 WHST 3 Class Presentation MN 4 profile. ST 5 Class Assignments **Pathway Standards** Math

Fourth Quarter Project # 4 Potential Driving Question: In what ways do current local, national, and global issues impact business and manufacturing decisions and practices?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
			 Teacher Observation/ 		Science	
			Checklist		Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Microchip Technology Pathway Course Syllabus Level 4

Pathway Overview

This 4-year sequence of courses will prepare students to enter the field of high technology fabrication such as semiconductor microchip technology along with other applications. Students will be poised to enter the industry directly as a technician, continue their education to obtain an associate's degree in electromechanical, mechatronics or semiconductor manufacturing technology. Within this pathway students will explore career possibilities through research, field visits and professional mentoring. Students will obtain safety certification to work in an industrial setting, be able to apply background information in physics, chemistry and math to understand the fabrication process and to trouble-shoot processes and machines. Students will have a solid background in applied electrical theory and clean laboratory protocols. Students will demonstrate their skills as technical readers and writers and demonstrate professional communication skills. Students will balance individual skills with group development skills including collaboration, communication, critical thinking, creativity, problem solving, perseverance, information literacy, technology skills, and digital literacy. They will develop awareness of motivating and supporting others including an awareness of diversity, ethical and professional practices. Students will have opportunities to pursue certifications including, but not limited to: OSHA 10, Microsoft Word and Excel, receive 18-24 college credits and other industry certifications demonstrating their knowledge and career readiness for this field.

Course Description

For the culminating year, student focus is on application of technical skills and career ready practices. Students will demonstrate application for an internship and post-secondary or job position. New learning includes failure analysis and statistical process control. Students are expected to complete at minimum a 10-week internship and complete an individual or small group independent project. Understanding that all students may not be on an internship the same semester, the structure of the semesters allows for flexibility in timing for internship experience and class presentation of material.

All students will continue to engage in project-based learning. Intrinsic to project-based learning is to examine a driving question or identify a problem by articulating what is already known, and what students need to know to answer the question. Students are guided to develop and execute a plan culminating in a presentation or product demonstrating their response to the initial question or problem. This process concludes with self-reflection regarding their learning. As such, learning happens during project execution and not solely as a final activity to show learning. In the final year, students will have the opportunity to pursue a small group or independent project.

Work-Based Learning

Students will be connected with local and national employers and industries throughout their learning experiences especially as they complete project-based learning experiences. These professional connections may include interviews, field trips to local businesses, job shadowing and career coaching. It is expected that these experiences will lead to opportunities for direct job training and real-world experience. Students will create and maintain a portfolio of their experiences to document the development of their skills, including a professional resume.

Additional Learning Opportunities

- Micro-credentials: Students may pursue learning experiences and credentials depending on the requirements of the project that they are involved in. Some examples for this pathway include, but are not limited to:
 - Microsoft Office Specialist: Word Associate
 - Microsoft Office Specialist: Excel Associate
 - o OSHA 10 Hour
 - Other Industry certifications such as such as CISCO, CompTIA and others

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Summer Bridge Enrichment: Students will have the opportunity to participate in cross-curricular Summer
Bridge programs to enhance and enrich their skills. Students will explore and create solutions that address
authentic needs in the school and wider community with the involvement of local industry professionals.
Students will build on skills learned during the school year to work collaboratively with students from other
pathways and programs.

Pre-Requisites

Semiconductor Microchip Technology 1,2 and 3

Course Objectives

Upon completion of this course students will know and be able to:

- Articulate career goals.
- Demonstrate application for post-secondary educational opportunities or work positions.
- Demonstrate positive physical and mental health and safety protections.
- Apply career ready skills and technical skills in an internship environment.
- Demonstrate application of failure analysis.
- Calculate and interpret measures of center, distribution and linear regression.
- Explain statistical process control and demonstrate use of statistical tools.
- Demonstrate use of technology to make statistical calculations, create visual displays and models.
- Demonstrate collaborative problem-solving, effective communication, teamwork, persistence and good work habits.

Integrated High School Academics

CTE Integrated ELA Credit

Concurrent College Enrollment

TBD- Possible OCC MATH 108 (2 credits) and English 6 credits

Equipment and Supplies

- School will provide: ·All tools including technology, equipment and supplies to complete projects
- Student will provide: N/A

Textbook

TBD

Grading

40% Classwork assignments including any quizzes/tests

60% Projects and presentations (rubric)

Additional Course Policies

Students are expected to:

- Meet all deadlines and be on time.
- Deadlines and being on time are a major part of being a professional.
- Produce their best work, including being prepared for presentations.
- Participate in class including contributing to discussions and critiquing their own and others' work, as well as diligently working on their own projects.
- Seek help when needed.
- Be attentive, ask questions if they do not understand something, and offer their opinions.
- Use Microsoft 365 and other technology tools for preparing and sharing all work.
- Give credit and use proper citations for all research and project ideas.

Course Calendar

Quarter	Driving Question/ Project	Units of Study
1	What is your vision for the future?	 Course Expectations and Policies Goal Setting and Career Exploration Career Preparedness and Application Processes Employee Safety and Protection Preparation for Internship
2	How can data be used to predict outcomes of future events or to make decisions?	 Failure Analysis Statistical Process Control
3	What makes a successful internship experience?	• Internship
4	How does design influence function/ practice and vice versa- how does function/practice influence design?	 Career Development and Employability Internship Synthesis and Evaluation Extended Project Reflection

Note: Internships may be completed in semester 2 or 3 and content may need to be repeated if some students intern in semester 2 and others in semester 3.

Corcoran High School Semiconductor Pathway Scope and Sequence Level 4

	First Quarter							
	Project #1 Driving Question: What is your vision for the future?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards			
Course Expectations Goal Setting and Career Exploration	ourse xpectations • What are the expectations for students in the program? • What certification and training requirements are necessary for specific career pathways of individual interest? • What makes for a safe • Class Assignments and training to support a career in this field. • Develop classroom rules and establish relationships. • Identify certifications and training to support a career in this field. • Class Assignments or in this field. • Class Presentation or class Assignments or class Assign	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Cluster Standards MN 4 Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,10	Practices CRP 1,2,10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5	ELA 11-12 R 7 11-12 W 2,3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 WHST 3				
	attributes contribute to success in this field? How are career ready skills and practices demonstrated? Where are there job opportunities in this field? What are student goals for career and learning outcomes?	OSHA 10, Microsoft, CISCO, CompTIA, or others depending on teacher certification to offer) • Demonstrate in daily practice safety protocols such as identifying and mitigating potential hazards and unsafe practices. • Demonstrate knowledge and skills needed for success in this field. • Demonstrate application of career ready skills and practices. • Identify local, regional, and national employers. • Define personal short and long-term goals.		Pathway Standards	Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency			

	First Quarter Project #1 Driving Question: What is your vision for the future?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Career Preparedness and Application	 How do I build a successful life after high school? What do I want my future to look like? What college or career am I interested in? How do I apply for college or a specific job position? What documents are needed for application for college or job position? What is financial stability and why is it important to have a real-life budget? 	 Articulate a vision for 2,5,10 years in the future. Explain the job application process. Find job boards and postings related to their area of interest. Complete job positions applications as applicable. Interpret NYS and IRS tax tables. Request letters of recommendation. Demonstrate interviewing skills. Identify and research any post-secondary education or training of interest. Understand financial obligations and opportunities for post-secondary education and training, including the FAFSA application process as applicable. Write a college essay for submission as applicable. Demonstrate financial knowledge about post-secondary budgets, including rent, auto costs, food, etc. Create a realistic budget that can be used post-high school. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,3,4,9,10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5 Pathway Standards	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4,7 11-12 W 2,3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 2,6,7,8 11-12 WHST 2,3,4,5,6,7 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		

	First Quarter Project #1 Driving Question: What is your vision for the future?					
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
Employee Safety and Protection	 How are employees' health, safety and well-being protected? What local, state, and national agencies regulate employment conditions and practices? What organizations support employment in this field? What can a person do to protect their physical and mental health? 	 Identify laws and regulations that protect the health, safety, and wellbeing of employees in this field. Identify local, state, and national agencies that regulate employment conditions and practices. Identify national, state, and local employment networks, organizations, or applicable unions. Summarize what current employees in the field recommend as best practices to protect physical and mental health. Identify how to mitigate what might be personal physical and mental health challenges. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,3 Cluster Standards MN 5 ST 3 Pathway Standards MN-PPD 3 MN-PRO 2	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,7 11-12 W 2,3,5,6,7 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 2 11-12 WHST 2 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	
Preparation for Internship: Applying and Interviewing	 Why are internships beneficial? How is an internship located and applied to? How does an employee convey professionalism in the workplace? How does an internship experience contribute to a professional portfolio? How is an internship obtained? How is an interview prepared for and conducted? 	 Apply job search techniques to seek out, evaluate, and obtain internship opportunities. Communicate with industry/potential employers through the internship application experience. Explain the importance of professionalism and ethics in the workplace. Communicate effectively both verbally and in writing. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Written Reflection Professional Portfolio Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,4,8,10 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5,6 Pathway Standards	ELA 11-12 R 1 11-12 W 2,3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 2 11-12 WHST 2,3,4 Math Science Computer Science and	

	First Quarter Project #1 Driving Question: What is your vision for the future?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
		 Explain the importance of being prompt, being able to take directions and being motivated to accomplish assigned tasks. Document experiences and work samples. Demonstrate completion of any applications. Create questions for a potential interview. Critique other interviews and revise responses based on feedback. 			Digital Fluency		

Second Quarter Project #2						
	Potential Driving Question: How	/ can data be used to predict out	comes of future events of Assessment			
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
Failure Analysis	 What is semiconductor failure analysis (FA)? What are the 3 types of failure? What is micro probing? What are the steps or procedures (techniques) in a FA? What is the relationship between failure mode, failure mechanism, and root cause? Why is FA implemented? 	 Summarize the process of semiconductor failure analysis. Identify electrical failure, functional failure, parametric failure. Explain how micro probing can help identify a root cause. Describe FA techniques or 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/	Career Ready Practices CRP 2,4,12 Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 1,2	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4,7 11-12 W 2 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4,7,8,9 11-12 WHST 2	
	Why is documentation critical?	 series of procedures. Describe the relationship among failure mode, failure mechanism and root cause. Explain the importance of FA to knowing the cause of failure and how to prevent it in the future. Interpret any relevant manuals, specifications, schematics, diagrams, previous documentation logs. Apply FA to troubleshoot a device failure. Demonstrate documentation of the process. 	Checklist	Pathway Standards MN-MIR 3,4,5,6 MN-PPD 2,4 MN-PRO 1,3, MN-QA 1,2,3,6,7 ST-ET 1,2,3,4,5,6 ST-SM 2,4	Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	
Statistical Process Control (OCC MAT 108)	 What is Statistical Process Control (SPC)? What are basic statistical measurements? How are statistical measurements calculated? What are measures of distribution? 	 Define statistical process controls as the use of statistical techniques to control the quality of a product or process. Define measures of center and other basic statistical terms. 	 Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments 	Career Ready Practices CRP 2,4,8,12 Cluster Standards MN 6 ST 1,2	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4,7 11-12 W 2 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy	

	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can data be used to predict outcomes of future events or to make decisions?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
	 What is the difference between normal and skewed distributions? What is linear regression? What are S-bar, R and proportion charts? What information do S-bar, R and proportion charts provide? How do technology tools help with calculations and display? How is SPC applied in semiconductor fabrication? 		Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Pathway Standards MN-QA 1,2, ST-ET 1,2,6 ST-SM 2,4	Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		
		 Summarize what information linear regression provides. Demonstrate calculation and interpretation of linear regression. Define S-bar, R, and proportion charts. Summarize the information provided by S-bar, R, and proportion charts. Determine what statistical tools to use given a set of data and questions. Demonstrate use of technology to perform statistical calculations. Demonstrate use of technology to create visual display (charts, graphs, models) of data. Demonstrate use of visual displays to explain interpretation of data. 					

Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can data be used to predict outcomes of future events or to make decisions?							
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Preparation for Internship: Preparing for Workforce	 How do I demonstrate readiness for future employment? What is the importance of good communication? What does it mean to be a professional? What is the role of an employee in this field? What is the importance of critical thinking to solving problems? Why is teamwork important? What are some important social issues of concern in the workplace? 	 Describe what employers seek in an employee. Discuss professional standards and employability skills for roles within the semiconductor fabrication field. Describe the communication process, the importance of listening and speaking skills and their relationship to job performance. Describe the importance of good reading and writing skills and their relationship to job performance. Present written and oral communication in a clear, concise, and effective manner, including explaining and justifying actions. Discuss professional standards and employability skills, including the role of an employee in the robotics and automation field. Explain the importance of critical thinking and how to solve problems. Describe and demonstrate how to work in a team environment and how to be an effective leader. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Professional Portfolio Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,4,8,10,12 Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 6 Pathway Standards	ELA 11-12 W 2,3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 2,7 11-12 WHST 2,3,4 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency		

	Second Quarter Project #2 Potential Driving Question: How can data be used to predict outcomes of future events or to make decisions?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
		 Explain how to resolve conflicts with co-workers and supervisors. Explain how to give and receive constructive criticism. Demonstrate time-management skills in prioritizing tasks, following schedules, and performing goal-relevant activities in a way that produces efficient results. Demonstrate punctuality, dependability, reliability, and responsibility in performing assigned tasks as directed. Identify and describe various social issues of concern in the workplace. 					

Third Quarter Project #3 Potential Driving Question: What makes a successful internship experience?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
Internship	 How does an internship experience contribute to employability? How do I function as a professional? How do I apply skills? In what ways, are practices and procedures different in an internship setting from the classroom/lab setting? What can I learn from professionals as they practice their craft? What are areas for improvement and challenge during the internship experience? 	 Complete a 10-20 week internship with a local employer within the field of semiconductor fabrication or related industry. Communicate with industry/potential employers through the internship experience. Apply learned knowledge and skills to workplace situations. Explain the importance of professionalism and ethics in the workplace. Comply with workplace policies and regulations. Communicate effectively both verbally and in writing. Demonstrate timemanagement skills in prioritizing tasks, following schedules, and performing goal-relevant activities in a way that produces efficient results. Demonstrate punctuality, dependability, reliability, and responsibility in performing assigned tasks as directed. Analyze and resolve problems that arise in completing assigned tasks. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Professional Portfolio Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist Supervisor Feedback	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12 Cluster Standards ST 6 Pathway Standards	ELA 11-12 W 3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,4,7,8,9 11-12 WHST 2,3,4,5,6,7 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	

Potent	Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How does design influence function/ practice and vice versa- how does function/practice influence design?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards		
Career Development and Employability	 What decisions do I need to make regarding post-secondary plans? How do I demonstrate my readiness for employment and/or 	 Describe what employers seek in an employee. Describe the communication process, the importance of listening 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,3,4,5,8,9,10	ELA 11-12 W 3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6		
	further study?How do I demonstrate readiness for future employment?	 and speaking skills and their relationship to job performance. Describe the importance of 	Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments	Cluster Standards MN 4 ST 5	Literacy 11-12 WHST 3,4 Math		
	What is the importance of good communication?What does it mean to be a	good reading and writing skills and their relationship	 Teacher Observation/ Checklist 	Pathway Standards	Science		
	 What is the importance of critical thinking to solving problems? What is the importance of teamwork? What are some important social issues of concern in the workplace? 	to job performance. Present written and oral communication in a clear, concise, and effective manner, including explaining and justifying actions. Seek employment opportunities as relevant for post-secondary. If pursuit of college degree is selected complete final documents for acceptance. Demonstrate understanding of the role of social media presence and the importance of the content and make any revisions as needed. Update resumes and cover letter/letter of interest with work and educational experiences, certifications, and work samples. Update portfolio. Demonstrate professional standards including oral			Computer Science and Digital Fluency		

Fourth Quarter Project #4 Potential Driving Question: How does design influence function/ practice and vice versa- how does function/practice influence design?						
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards	
		and written communication, leadership, teamwork appreciation for diversity, conflict management, customers service, work ethic, and adaptability.				
Internship Synthesis and Evaluation	 How do I function as a professional? How do I apply skills? In what ways, are practices and procedures different in an internship setting from the classroom/lab setting? What can I learn from professionals as they practice their craft? What are areas of improvement and challenge during the internship experience? How did the internship influence my thinking about future career goals? 	 Synthesize and summarize learning from internship experience Evaluate learning from internship experience 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Tests/Quizzes Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist Supervisor Feedback	Career Ready Practices CRP 3,4,10 Cluster Standards ST 6 Pathway Standards	ELA 11-12 W 3 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 WHST 3,4 Math Science Computer Science and Digital Fluency	
Extended Independent Project	What is an area of study or a problem for focus of a deeper study (students may consider such topics of study such as deeper understanding of Internet of Things development, communication, and connectivity; further study of programming languages, or installation, configuration and troubleshooting of specific software packages; or network development, connectivity and communication; cybersecurity threats and mitigation).	 Articulate an area of interest for deeper study including topic and scope of study. Communicate scope and findings from independent project. Synthesize and summarize learning from extended project experience. Evaluate learning from extended learning experience. 	Written Self-Assessment Class Assignments Written Reflection Performance Class Presentation Class Assignments Teacher Observation/ Checklist	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12 Cluster Standards MN 1,6 ST 1,2,4 Pathway Standards MN-MIR 1,2,3,4,5,6 MN-PPD 1,2,3,4,5 MN-PRO 1,2,3,4,5	ELA 11-12 R 1,2,4,7,9 11-12 W 1,2,5,6,7 11-12 SL 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Literacy 11-12 RST 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 11-12 WHST 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 Math Science	

Fourth Quarter Project #4

Potential Driving Question: How does design influence function/ practice and vice versa- how does function/practice influence design? Assessment **Key Learning Targets** Unit **CCTC Standards NYS Standards Key Questions** (Students will know and be able to:) **Evidence of Learning** MN-QA 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 What knowledge and skills will Computer be developed or enhanced? ST-ET 1,2,3,4,5,6 Science and How is a project proposal ST-SM 1.2.3.4 **Digital Fluency** written? What is necessary to implement an individual or small group project? What was learned from the project? What would be done differently? What contributed to success? How effective was the design or plan? How effective was implementation? How effective was set-up procedures? How effective was integration with other team members or mentors? How were any problems solved and what might be alternative solutions? What are my next steps? ELA Reflection Written Career Ready Articulate future goals and What will help attain goals? Self-Assessment 11-12 W 3 plans. **Practices** Identify steps to attain Written Reflection CRP 10 11-12 SL future goals and plans. Performance 1,2,3,4,5,6 11-12 L 1,2,3,4,6 Update resume. Class Presentation professional portfolio, and Teacher **Cluster Standards** Literacy employability profile. Observation/ MN 4 11-12 WHST 3 ST 5 Checklist Pathway Standards Math Science Computer Science and **Digital Fluency**

Fourth Quarter Project #4					
Potent	Potential Driving Question: How does design influence function/ practice and vice versa- how does function/practice influence design?				
Unit	Key Questions	Key Learning Targets (Students will know and be able to:)	Assessment Evidence of Learning	CCTC Standards	NYS Standards

CCTC: Common Career and Technical Core Career Ready Practices

1	Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
2	Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
3	Attend to personal health and financial well-being.
4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
5	Consider the environmental, social, and economic impacts of decisions.
6	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
7	Employ valid and reliable research strategies.
8	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
9	Model integrity, ethical leadership, and effective management.
10	Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.
11	Use technology to enhance productivity.
12	Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

Full text: CareerReadyPractices-FINAL.pdf (careertech.org)

CCTC: Common Career and Technical Core Career Cluster and Pathway Standards for Manufacturing

Area	Number	Standard
Career Cluster: Manufacturing	MN 1	Evaluate the nature and scope of the Manufacturing Career Custer and the role of manufacturing in society and in the economy.
	MN 2	Analyze and summarize how manufacturing businesses improve performance.
	MN 3	Comply with federal, state, and local regulations to ensure worker safety and health and environmental work practices.
	MN 4	Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Manufacturing Career Pathways.
	MN 5	Describe government policies and industry standards that apply to manufacturing.
	MN 6	Describe workplace knowledge and skills common to manufacturing.
Career	MN-MIR 1	Demonstrate maintenance skills and proficient operation of equipment to maximize manufacturing performance.
Pathway:	MN-MIR 2	Demonstrate the safe use of manufacturing equipment to ensure a safe and healthy environment.
	MN-MIR 3	Diagnose equipment problems and effectively repair manufacturing equipment.
Maintenance,	MN-MIR 4	Investigate and employ techniques to maximize manufacturing equipment performance.
Installation &	MN-MIR 5	Implement a preventative maintenance schedule to maintain manufacturing equipment, tools and workstations.
Repair Career Pathway (MN-MIR)	MN-MIR 6	Implement a preventative maintenance schedule to maintain manufacturing equipment, tools and workstations.
Career	MN-PPD 1	Produce quality products that meet manufacturing standards and exceed customer satisfaction.
Pathway:	MN-PPD 2	Research, design and implement alternative manufacturing processes to manage production of new and/or improved products.
Manufacturing Production	MN-PPD 3	Monitor, promote and maintain a safe and productive workplace using techniques and solutions that ensure safe production of products.
Process	MN-PPD 4	Implement continuous improvement processes in order to maintain quality within manufacturing production.
Development Career Pathway (MN-PPD)	MN-PPD 5	Develop procedures to create products that meet customer needs.
Career	MN-PRO 1	Diagnose production process problems and take corrective action to meet production quality standards.
Pathway:	MN-PRO 2	Manage safe and healthy production working conditions and environmental risks.
	MN-PRO 3	Make continuous improvement recommendations based on results of production process audits and inspections.
Production	MN-PRO 4	Coordinate work teams when producing products to enhance production process and performance.
Career Pathway (MN-PRO)	MN-PRO 5	Demonstrate the safe use of manufacturing equipment.
Career	MN-QA 1	Evaluate production operations for product and process quality.
Pathway:	MN-QA 2	Recommend and implement continuous improvement in manufacturing processes.
Quality	MN-QA 3	Coordinate work teams to create a product that meets quality assurance standards.
Assurance	MN-QA 4	Employ project management processes using data and tools to deliver quality, value-added products.
Career Pathway	MN-QA 5	Perform safety inspections and training to ensure a safe and healthy workplace.
(MN-QA)	MN-QA 6	Implement continuous improvement processes to maintain quality products.
(1111 471)	MN-QA 7	Identify inspection processes that ensure products meet quality specifications.

CCTC: Common Career and Technical Core

Career Cluster and Pathway Standards for Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics

Area	Number	Standard
Career Cluster:	ST-1	Apply engineering skills in a project that requires project management, process control and quality assurance.
	ST-2	Use technology to acquire, manipulate, analyze and report data.
Science, Technology,	ST-3	Describe and follow safety, health and environmental standards related to science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM) workplaces.
Engineering & Mathematics	ST-4	Understand the nature and scope of the Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics Career Cluster and the role of STEM in society and the economy.
Career Cluster	ST-5	Demonstrate an understanding of the breadth of career opportunities and means to those opportunities in each of the Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics Career Pathways.
	ST-6	Demonstrate technical skills needed in a chosen STEM field.
Career	ST-ET-1	Use STEM concepts and processes to solve problems involving design and/or production.
Pathway:	ST-ET-2	Display and communicate STEM information.
	ST-ET-3	Apply processes and concepts for the use of technological tools in STEM.
Engineering &	ST-ET-4	Apply the knowledge learned in the study of STEM to provide solutions to human and societal problems in an ethical and legal manner.
Technology	ST-ET-5	Apply the elements of the design process.
Career Pathway	ST-ET-6	Apply the knowledge learned in STEM to solve problems.
(ST-ET)	ST-ET-7	
Career	ST-SM-1	Apply science and mathematics to provide results, answers and algorithms for engineering and technological activities.
Pathway:	ST-SM-2	Apply science and mathematics concepts to the development of plans, processes and projects that address real world problems.
Science and Math Career	ST-SM-3	Analyze the impact that science and mathematics has on society.
Pathway (ST-SM)	ST-SM- 4	Apply critical thinking skills to review information, explain statistical analysis, and to translate, interpret and summarize research and statistical data.

Full text for: Manufacturing: MN-CCTC_PerformanceElements.pdf (careertech.org)

Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics: ST-CCTC_PerformanceElements.pdf (careertech.org)

New York State Standards for ELA and Literacy

NYS ELA Standards

9th-10th Grade Reading Standards (Literary and Informational Text)

otti rotti Oi	ade Reading Standards (Elterally and informational Text)
Key Ideas a	and Details
9-10R1	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences; develop questions for deeper understanding and for further exploration. (RI&RL)
9-10R2	Determine one or more themes or central ideas in a text and analyze its development, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; objectively and accurately summarize a text. (RI&RL)
9-10R3	Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text. In literary texts, analyze how complex and/or dynamic characters develop, interact with other characters, advance the plot, or develop a theme. (RL) In informational texts, analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or argument, including the sequence, the introduction and development of ideas, and the connections that exist. (RI)
Craft and S	tructure
9-10R4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and mood. Examine technical or key terms and how language differs across genres. (RI&RL)
9-10R5	In literary texts, consider how varied aspects of structure create meaning and affect the reader. (RL) In informational texts, consider how author's intent influences particular sentences, paragraphs, or sections. (RI)
9-10R6	Analyze how authors employ point of view, perspective, and purpose to shape explicit and implicit messages (e.g., examine rhetorical strategies, literary elements, and devices). (RI&RL)
Integration	of Knowledge and Ideas
9-10R7	Analyze how a subject / content is presented in two or more formats by determining which details are emphasized, altered, or absent in each account. (e.g., analyze the representation of a subject / content or key scene in two different formats, examine the differences between a historical novel and a documentary). (RI&RL)
9-10R8	Delineate and evaluate an argument and specific claims in a text, assessing the validity or fallacy of key statements by examining whether the supporting evidence is relevant and sufficient. (RI&RL)
9-10R9	Choose and develop criteria in order to evaluate the quality of texts. Make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)

9th-10th Grade Writing Standards

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Text Types	and Purposes
9-10W1	Write arguments to support claims that analyze substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
9-10W2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
9-10W3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
9-10W4	Create a poem, story, play, art work, or other response to a text, author, theme, or personal experience; demonstrate knowledge and understanding of a variety of techniques and genres. Explain divergences from the original when appropriate.
9-10W5	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Apply grade 9/10 Reading standards to both literary and informational text, where applicable.
Research to	Build and Present Knowledge
9-10W6	Conduct research to answer questions, including self-generated questions, or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate. Synthesize multiple sources, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
9-10W7	Gather relevant information from multiple sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas; avoid plagiarism and follow a standard format for citation.

9th-10th Grade Speaking and Listening

	ado o bodaning and motoring		
Comprehen	sion and Collaboration		
9-10SL1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions with diverse partners on complex topics, texts, and issues; express ideas clearly and persuasively, and build on those of others.		
9-10SL2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats (e.g., including visual, quantitative, and oral), evaluating the credibility, accuracy, and relevance of each source.		
9-10SL3	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric; identify any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.		
Presentatio	n of Knowledge and Ideas		
9-10SL4	Present claims, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically; organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
9-10SL5	Make strategic use of digital media and/or visual displays in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence, and to add elements of interest to engage the audience.		
9-10SL6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.		

9th-10th Grade Language Standards

our rour ora	de Language Standards		
Conventions of Academic English			
Anchor L1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of academic English grammar and usage when writing or speaking*.		
Anchor L2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of academic English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing*		
Knowledge of Language			
9-10L3	Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more		
9-10L3	fully when reading or listening.		
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use			
9-10L4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
9-10L5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.		
9-10L6	Acquire and accurately use general academic and content-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening; demonstrate		
	independence in applying vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		

Core Conventions Skills for Grades 9-12

- Use parallel structure.
- Use various types of phrases and clauses to add variety and interest to writing or presentations.
- Understand that usage is a matter of convention that can change over time.
- Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references as needed.

Core Punctuation and Spelling Skills for Grades 9-12

- Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes, hyphens) to clarify and enhance writing.
- Use a semicolon to link two or more closely related independent clauses.
- Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.

11th-12th Grade Reading Standards (Literary and Informational Text)

Key Ideas a	nd Details			
11-12R1	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences, including determining where the text is ambiguous; develop questions for deeper understanding and for further exploration. (RI&RL)			
11-12R2	Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text and analyze their development, including how they emerge and are shaped and refined by specific details; objectively and accurately summarize a complex text. (RI&RL)			
11-12R3	In literary texts, analyze the impact of author's choices. (RL) In informational texts, analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop. (RI)			
Craft and St	ructure			
11-12R4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and mood, including words with multiple meanings. Analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of technical or key term(s) over the course of a text. (RI&RL)			
11-12R5	In literary texts, analyze how varied aspects of structure create meaning and affect the reader. (RL) In informational texts, analyze the impact and evaluate the effect structure has on exposition or argument in terms of clarity, persuasive/rhetorical technique, and audience appeal. (RI)			
11-12R6	Analyze how authors employ point of view, perspective, and purpose, to shape explicit and implicit messages (e.g., persuasiveness, aesthetic quality, satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement). (RI&RL)			
Integration	of Knowledge and Ideas			
11-12R7	In literary texts, analyze multiple adaptations of a source text as presented in different formats (e.g., works of art, graphic novels, music, film, etc.), specifically evaluating how each version interprets the source. (RL) In informational texts, integrate and evaluate sources on the same topic or argument in order to address a question, or solve a problem. (RI)			
11-12R8	Delineate and evaluate an argument in applicable texts, applying a lens (e.g. constitutional principles, logical fallacy, legal reasoning, belief systems, codes of ethics, philosophies, etc.) to assess the validity or fallacy of key arguments, determining whether the supporting evidence is relevant and sufficient. (RI&RL)			
11-12R9	Choose and develop criteria in order to evaluate the quality of texts. Make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)			

11th-12th Grade Writing Standards

Text Types and Purposes			
11-12W1	Write arguments to support claims that analyze substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.		
11-12W2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.		
11-12W3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective techniques, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.		
11-12W4	Create a poem, story, play, art work, or other response to a text, author, theme, or personal experience; demonstrate knowledge and understanding of a variety of techniques and genres. Explain connections between the original and the created work.		
11-12W5	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Apply grade 11/12 Reading standards to both literary and informational text, where applicable.		
Research to	Research to Build and Present Knowledge		
11-12W6	Conduct research through self-generated question, or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate. Synthesize multiple sources, demonstrating understanding and analysis of the subject under investigation.		
11-12W7	Gather relevant information from multiple sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas; avoid plagiarism, overreliance on one source, and follow a standard format for citation.		

11th-12th Grade Speaking and Listening

	and opening and instrument
Comprehens	ion and Collaboration
11-12SL1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions with diverse partners on complex topics, texts, and issues; express ideas clearly and persuasively, and build on those of others.
11-12SL2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats (e.g., including visual, quantitative, and oral). Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source, and note any discrepancies among the data to make informed decisions and solve problems.
11-12SL3	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric; assess the premises and connections among ideas, diction, and tone.
Presentation	of Knowledge and Ideas
11-12SL4	Present claims, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective; alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed; organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
11-12SL5	Make strategic use of digital media and/or visual displays in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence, and to add elements of interest to engage the audience.
11-12SL6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

11th-12th Grade Language Standards

Conventions of Academic English				
Anchor L1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of academic English grammar and usage when writing or speaking*.			
Anchor L2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of academic English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing*			
Knowledge of Language				
11-12L3	Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more			
11-12L3	fully when reading or listening.			
Vocabulary A	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use			
11-12L4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.			
11-12L5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.			
11-12L6	Acquire and accurately use general academic and content-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and			
	career readiness level; demonstrate independence in applying vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or			
	expression.			

Core Conventions Skills for Grades 9-12

- Use parallel structure.
- Use various types of phrases and clauses to add variety and interest to writing or presentations.
- Understand that usage is a matter of convention that can change over time.
- Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references as needed.

Core Punctuation and Spelling Skills for Grades 9-12

- Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes, hyphens) to clarify and enhance writing.
- Use a semicolon to link two or more closely related independent clauses.
- Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.

Full text: New York State Next Generation English Language Arts Learning Standards (nysed.gov)

NYS Literacy Standards: NYS Next Generation 6-12 Literacy Standards in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

Reading	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 9-10		
RST 1	Cite specific evidence to support analysis of scientific and technical texts, charts, diagrams, etc. attending to the precise details of the source. Understand and follow a detailed set of directions.		
RST 2	Determine the key ideas or conclusions of a source; trace the source's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the source.		
RST 3	Analyze how and why scientific ideas and reasoning are developed and modified over the course of a text, source, argument, etc. Craft and Structure		
RST 4	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other content-specific words and phrases as they are used in scientific or technical sources; describe how the inclusion of charts, graphs, diagrams, data influence conclusion(s).		
RST 5	Describe how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.		
RST 6	Describe purpose and/or point of view when an author is presenting information, describing a procedure, discussing an experiment, etc. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		
RST 7	Translate scientific or technical information expressed as written text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart), and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.		
RST 8	Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a source support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.		
RST 9	Compare and contrast findings presented in a source to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.		

Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 9-10		
WHST 1	Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.	
WHST 2	Write informative/explanatory text focused on discipline-specific content.	
WHST 3	Write narratives to understand an event or topic, appropriate to discipline-specific norms, conventions, and tasks.	
WHST 4	Write responses to texts and to events (past and present), ideas, and theories that include personal, cultural, and thematic connections.	
WHST 5	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), analyze a topic, or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
WHST 6	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question and the accuracy of each source by applying discipline-specific criteria; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	
WHST 7	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	

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NYS Literacy Standards: NYS Next Generation 6-12 Literacy Standards in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 11-12		
RST 1	Cite specific evidence to support analysis of scientific and technical texts, charts, diagrams, etc. attending to the precise details of the source, and attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account.	
RST 2	Determine the key ideas or conclusions of a source; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a source by paraphrasing in precise and accurate terms.	
RST 3	Analyze how and why scientific ideas and reasoning are developed and modified over the course of a text, source, argument, etc.; analyze/evaluate the results and conclusions based on explanations in the text.	
RST 4	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other content-specific words and phrases as they are used in scientific or technical sources.	
RST 5	Analyze how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, demonstrating understanding of the information or ideas.	
RST 6	Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, identifying important issues that remain unresolved. Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
RST 7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.	
RST 8	Evaluate the data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.	
RST 9	Compare and contrast findings presented in a source to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.	

Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 11-12		
WHST 1	Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.	
WHST 2	Write explanatory and analytical text focused on discipline-specific content and which uses strategies for conveying information like those used in the respective discipline.	
WHST 3	Write narratives to understand an event or topic, appropriate to discipline-specific norms, conventions, and tasks.	
WHST 4	Write responses to texts and to events (past and present), ideas, and theories that include personal, cultural, and thematic connections.	
WHST 5	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), analyze a topic, or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
WHST 6	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience as well as by applying discipline-specific criteria used in the social sciences or sciences; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	
WHST 7	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	

Full text: New York State Next Generation Learning Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects (nysed.gov)